Type	Meaning
all	Execute all Action Buckets for the group (e.g., to handle broadcast)
select	Execute one Action Bucket (e.g., using a hash or round-robin algorithm for selection)
indirect	Execute the only Action Bucket defined for the group (designed to allow multiple Flow Table entries to point to a single group)
fast fail-over	Execute the first live Action Bucket (or drop the packet if no bucket is live)

Figure 28.9 The four OpenFlow group types and the meaning of each.