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Introduction

Modeling Federated Search

TREC data

- Large text corpus, thorough queries and relevance judgments

Simulation with TREC news/government data

- Professional well-organized contents
- Can be divided into O(100) information sources
- Simulate environments of large companies or domain specific hidden Web
- Most commonly used, many baselines (Lu et al., 1996) (Callan, 2000) ...
- Normal or moderately skewed size testbeds: Trec123 or Trec4_Kmeans
- Skewed: Representative (large source with the same relevant doc density), Relevant (large source with higher relevant doc density), Nonrelevant (large source with lower relevant doc density)



Federated Search Outline Introduction to federated search Main research problems Resource Representation Resource Selection Results Merging







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Research Problems (Results Merging)

Goal of Results Merging

Make different result lists comparable and merge them into a single list

Difficulties:

- Information sources may use different retrieval algorithms
- Information sources have different corpus statistics

Previous Research on Results Merging

Most accurate methods directly calculate comparable scores

- Use same retrieval algorithm and same corpus statistics (Viles & French, 1997)(Xu and Callan, 1998), need source cooperation
- **Download retrieved docs and recalculate scores** (Kirsch, 1997), large communication and computation costs



Research Problems (Results Merging)

Thought

Previous algorithms either try to **calculate** or to **mimic** the effect of the centralized scores

Can we estimate the centralized scores effectively and efficiently? Semi-Supervised Learning (SSL) Merging (Si & Callan, 2002, 2003)

- Some docs exist in both centralized sample DB and retrieved docs
 - From Centralized sampled DB and individual ranked lists when long ranked lists are available

Download minimum number of docs with only short ranked lists

- Linear transformation maps source specific doc scores to source independent scores on centralized sample DB









