

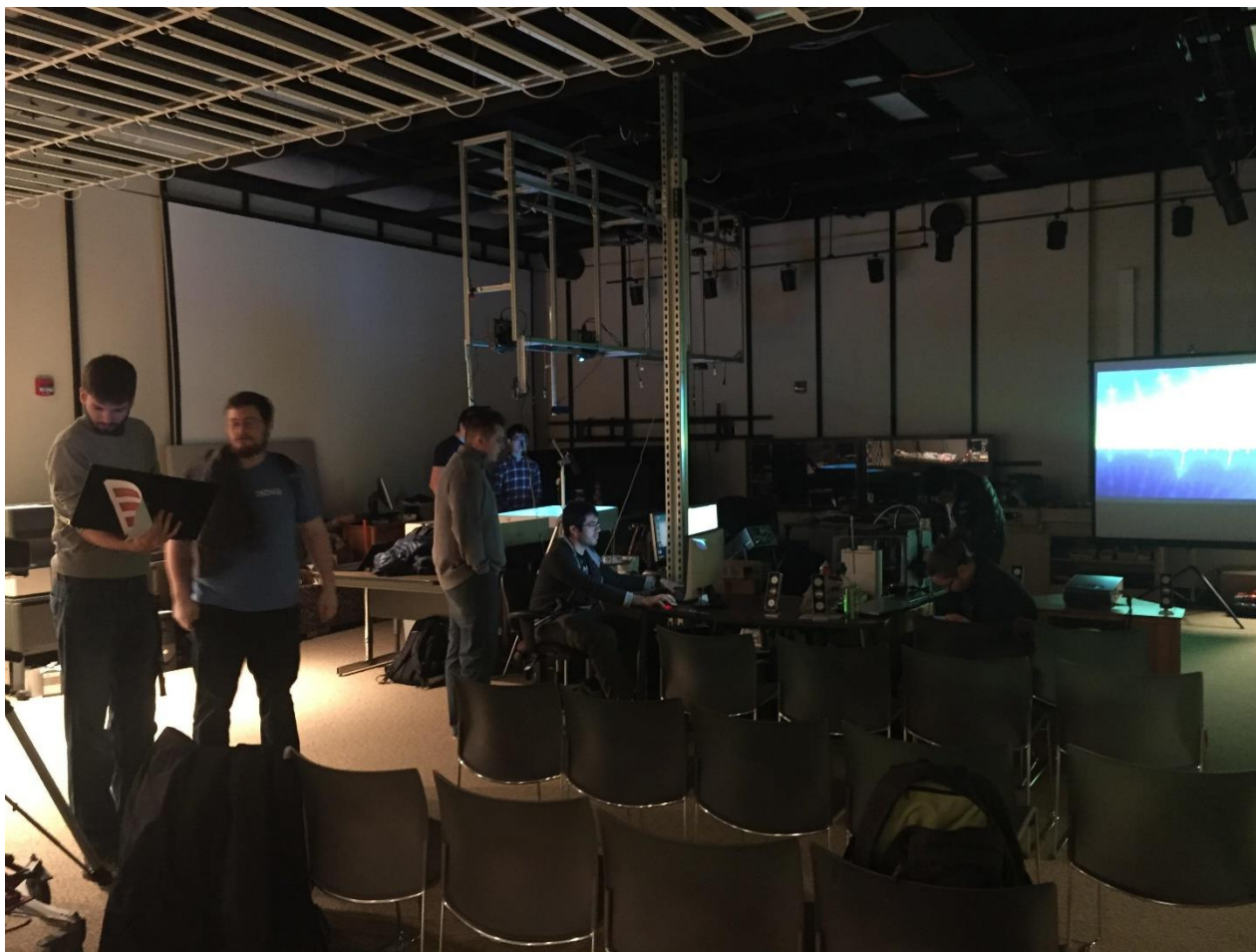


# CS334 – Fundamentals of Computer Graphics

## Prior Final Projects

Daniel G. Aliaga







# Garden Pavilions

K. K.

Purdue University

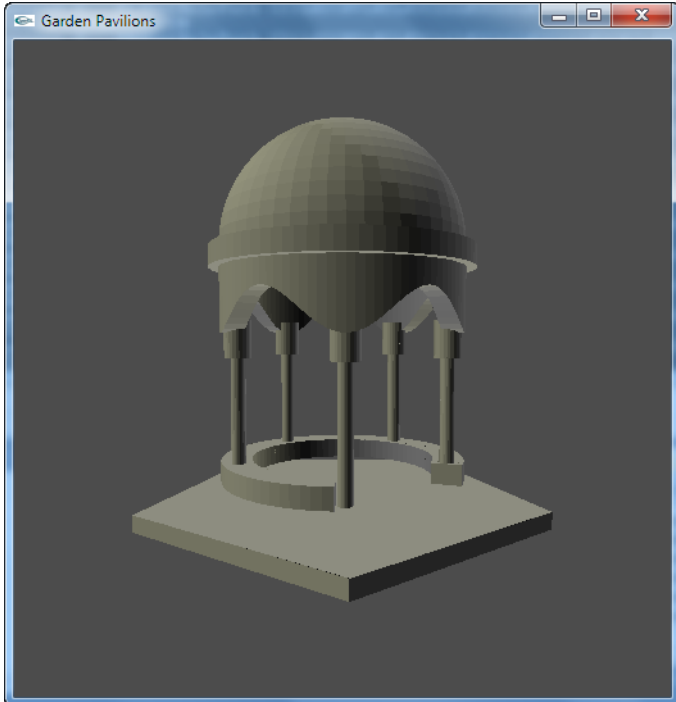
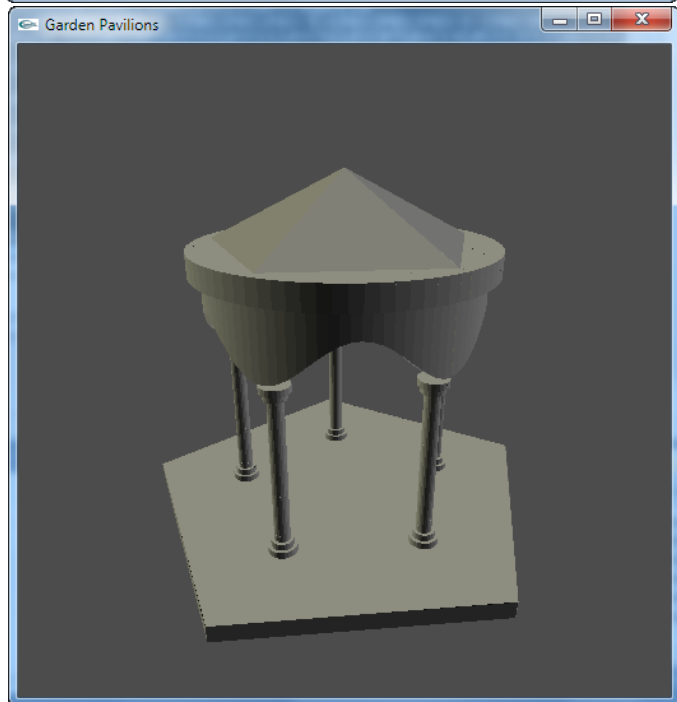
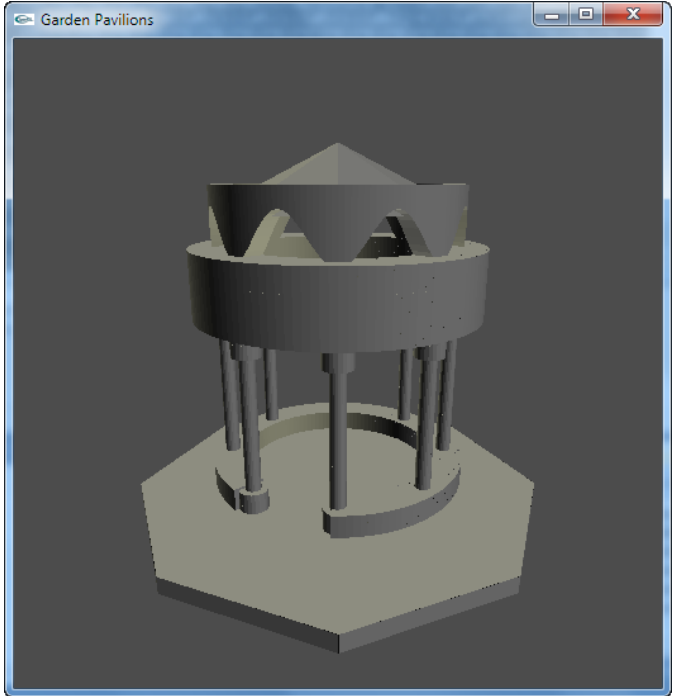
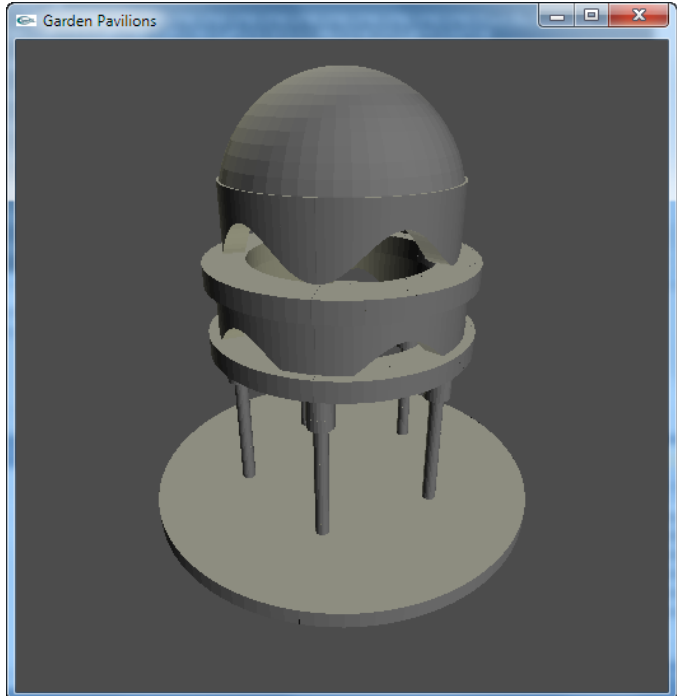


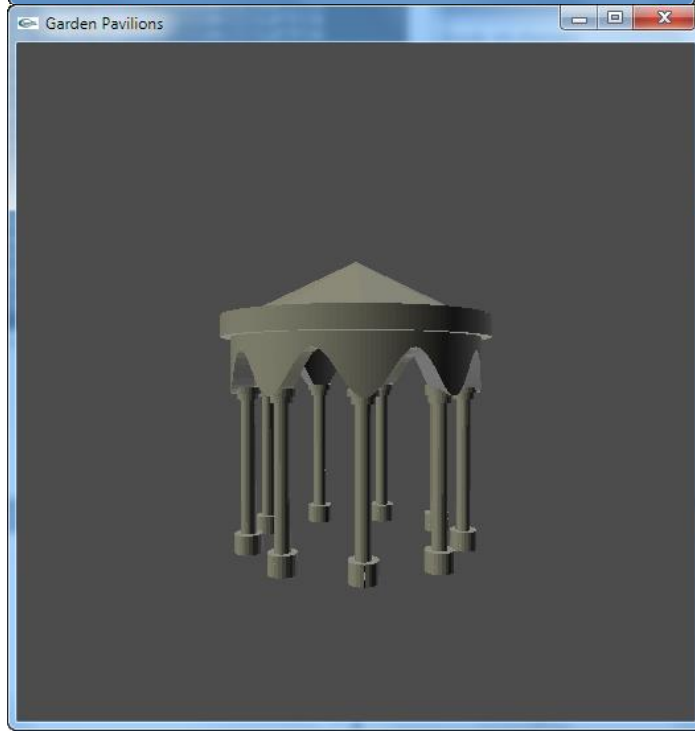
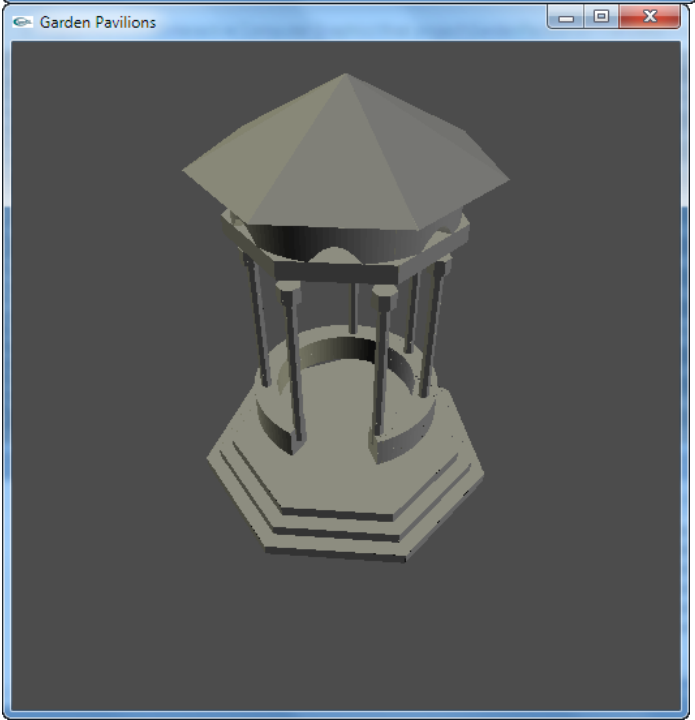
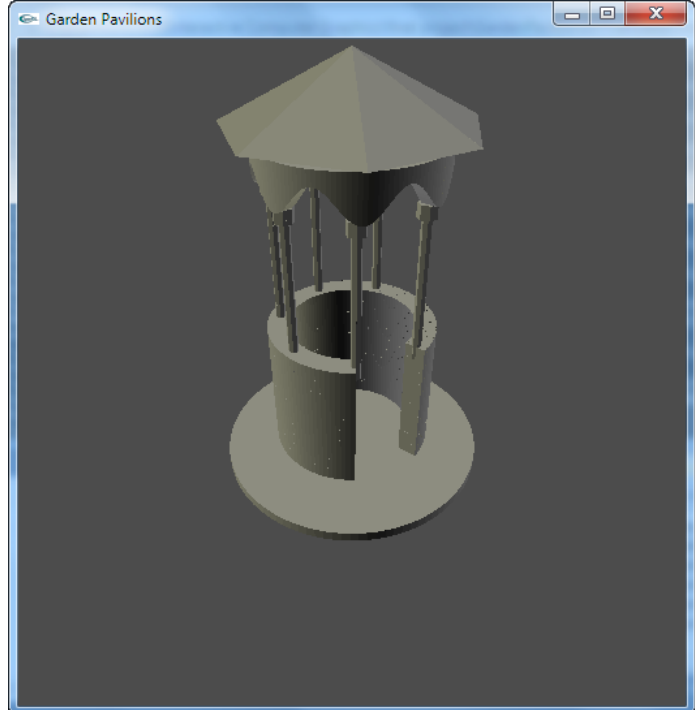
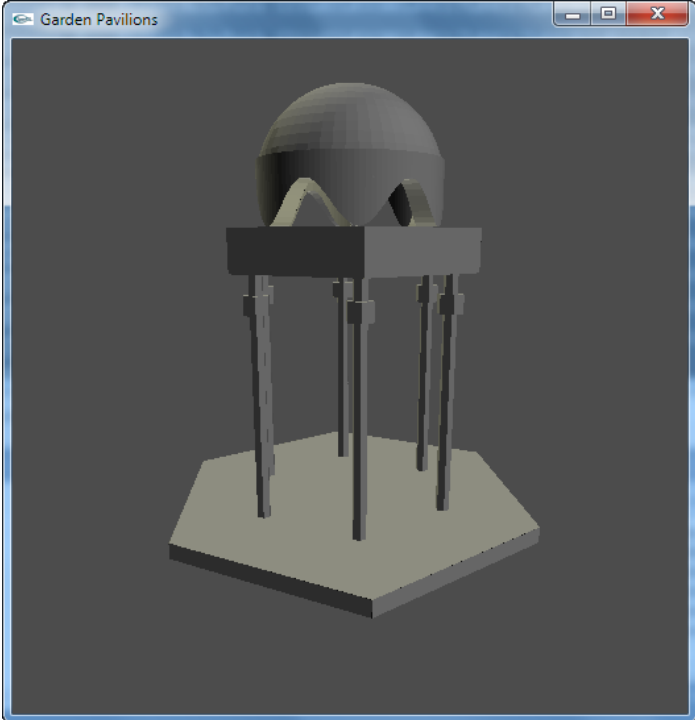
# Motivation



Hua Liu, Qing Wang, Wei Hua , Dong Zhou, and Hujun Bao,2005.  
Building Chinese Ancient Architectures in Seconds

- Goal:
  - Procedurally generate model of garden pavilions using constructive grammar







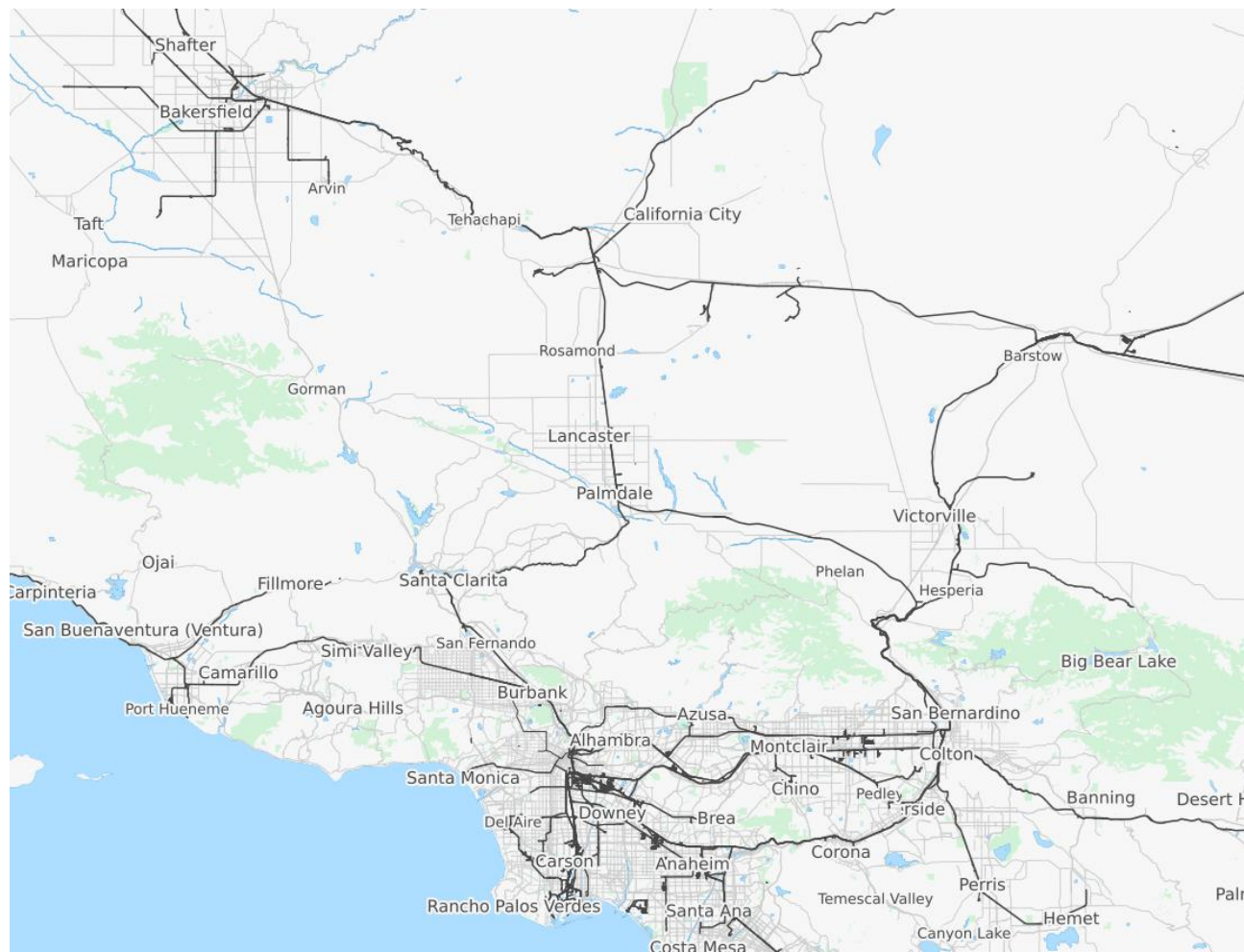
# Procedurally Generated Transport Networks

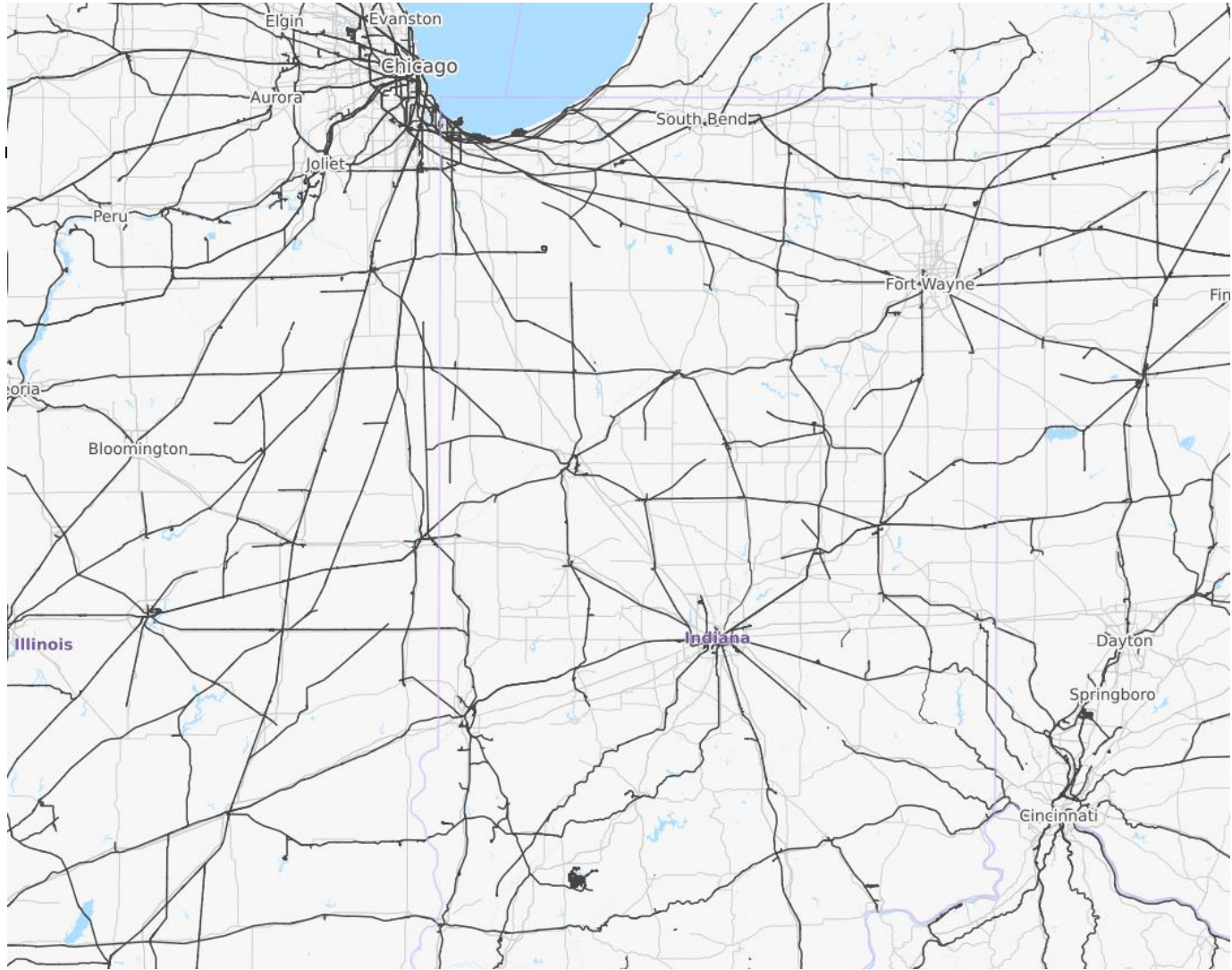
R. D.





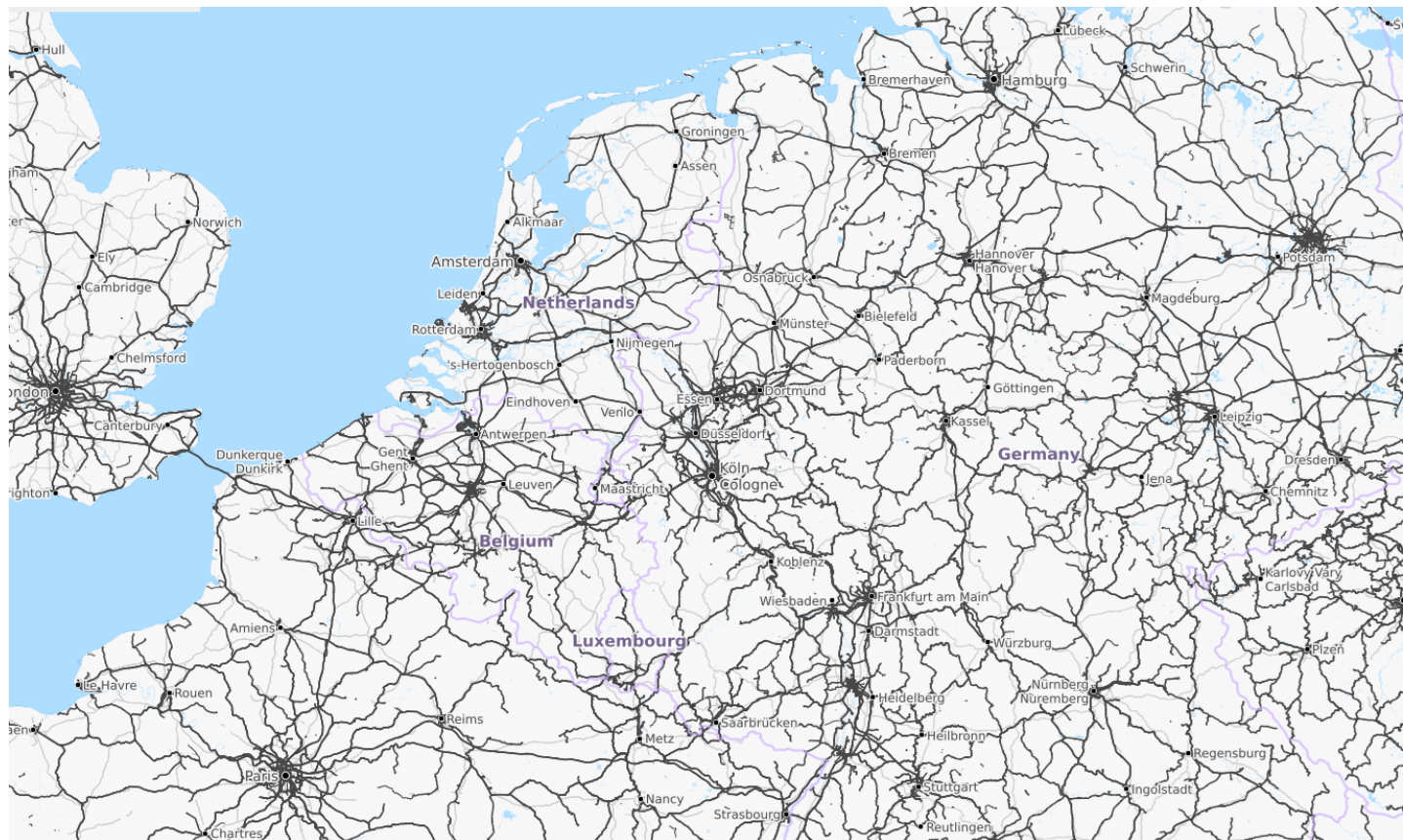
## Transport Network Types - Gridded







Transport Network  
Types - Interconnected





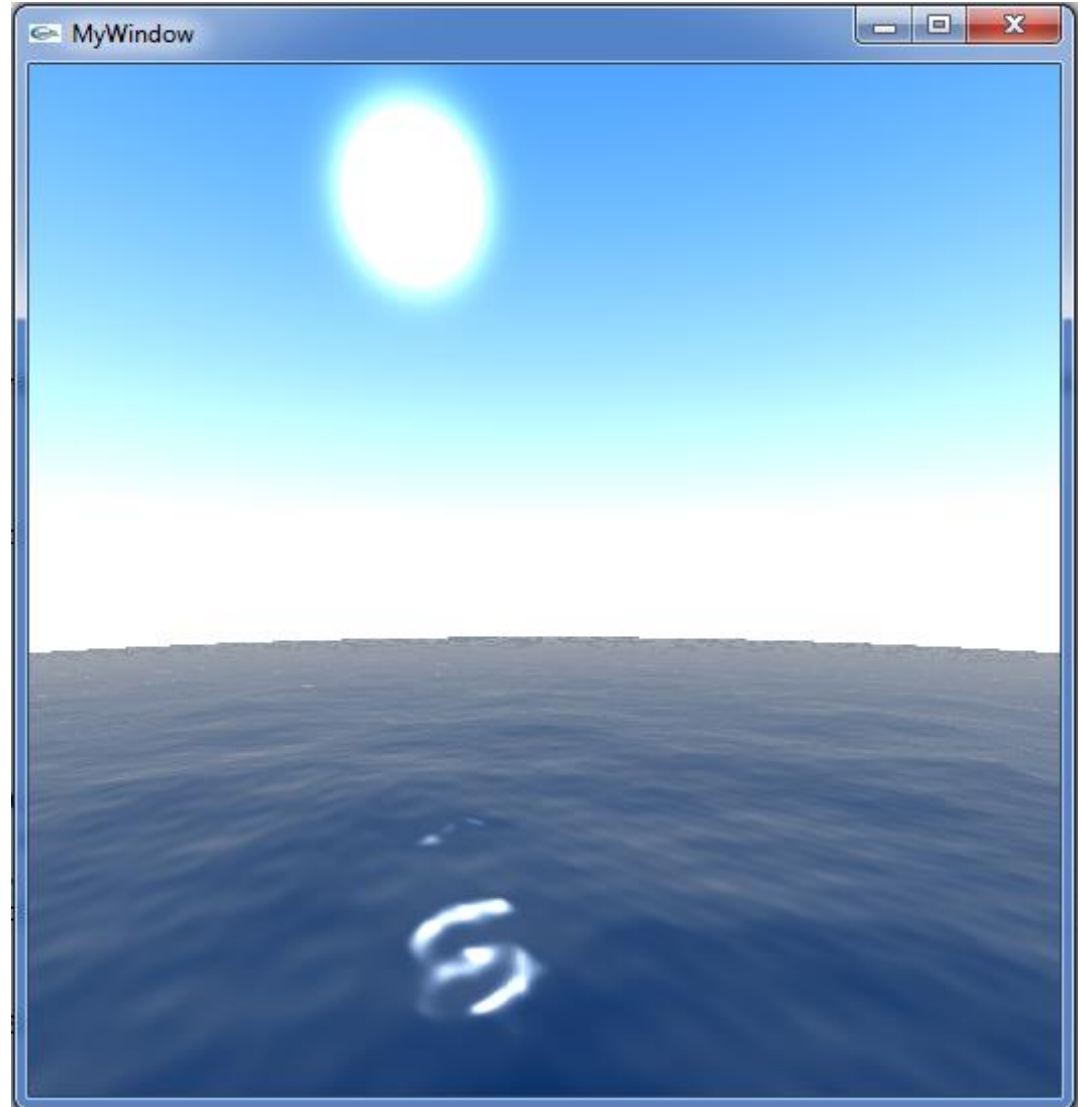




# 3-D Water Simulation

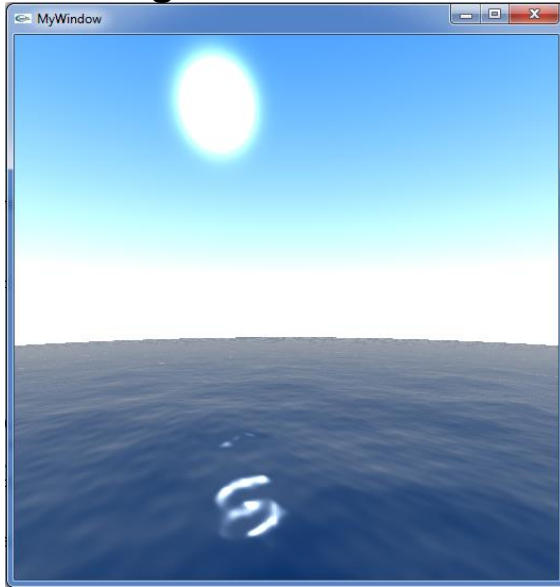
Z. J.

# Demonstration

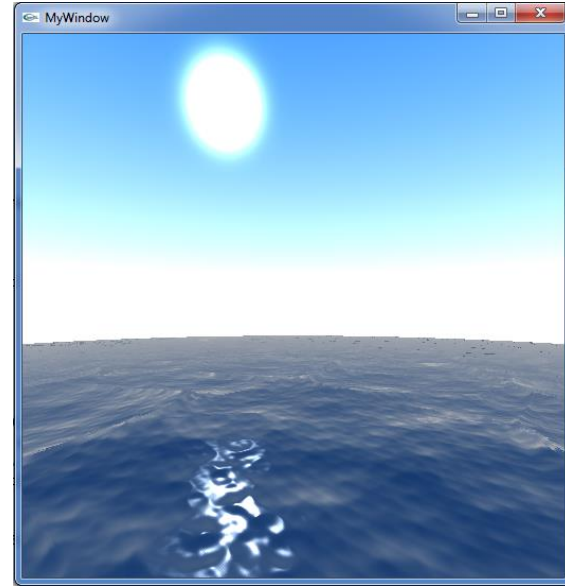


# Wave Intensity

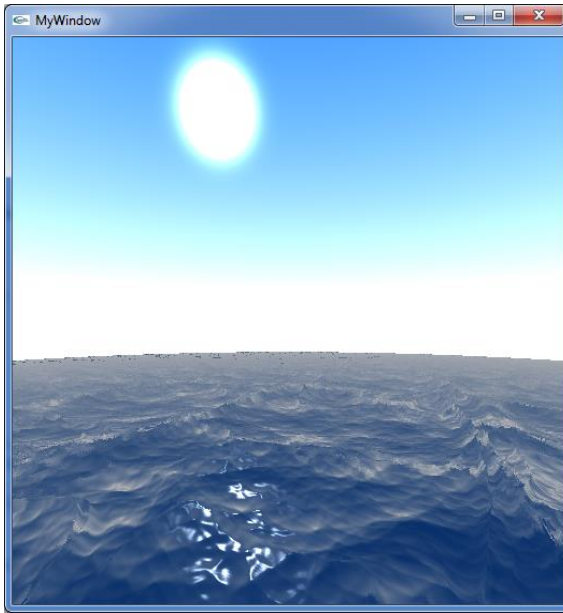
Light Waves



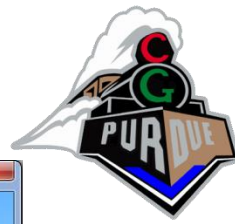
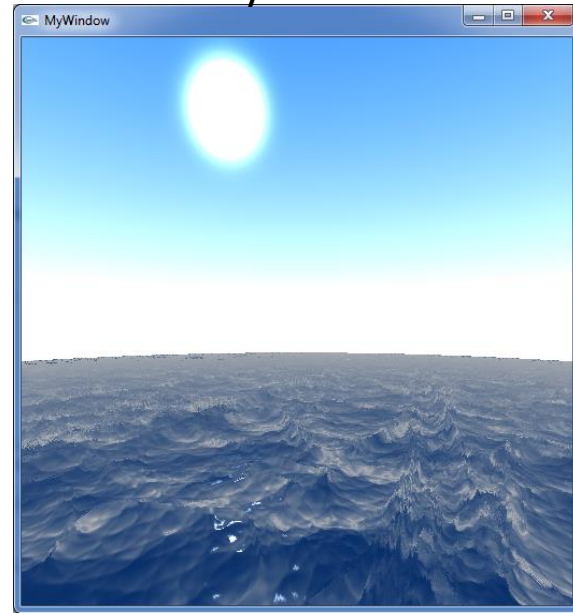
Small Waves



Medium Waves



Heavy Waves





Alternative Nozzle Geometry Slicer Toolkit or...

**ANGST**

A. P.

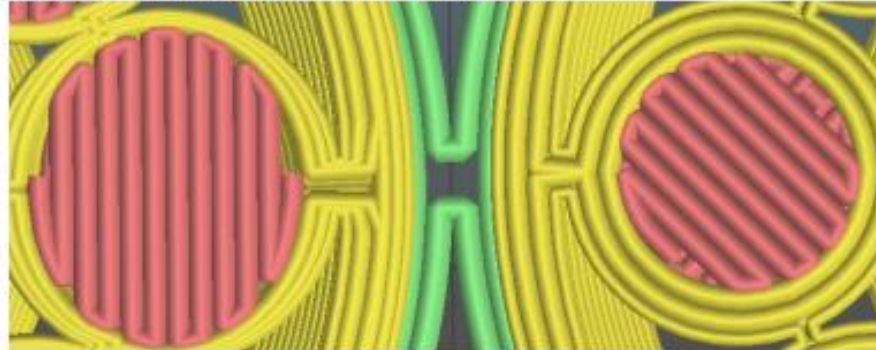




## Exactly What I Did:

alter all print paths on perimeter

- Multiply the normal of all line segments by the nozzle shape (x,y)
- Shift the edge location along the new 'normal' vector

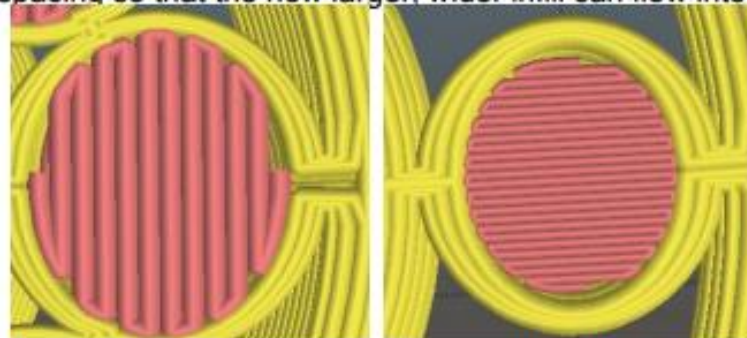


Shape with compensated geometry to stretch the part so it prints circular (left) vs traditional circular part (right)

## Exactly What I Did:

Alter the infill so it fills in the thickest lines possible

- Aggressively aligns the infill to be perpendicular with the nozzle widest access
- Expands the infill spacing so that the now larger, wider infill can flow into the space.



Infill with infill aligned with the nozzle width (left) with the dumb infill, printed denser due to the need to fill in the space.



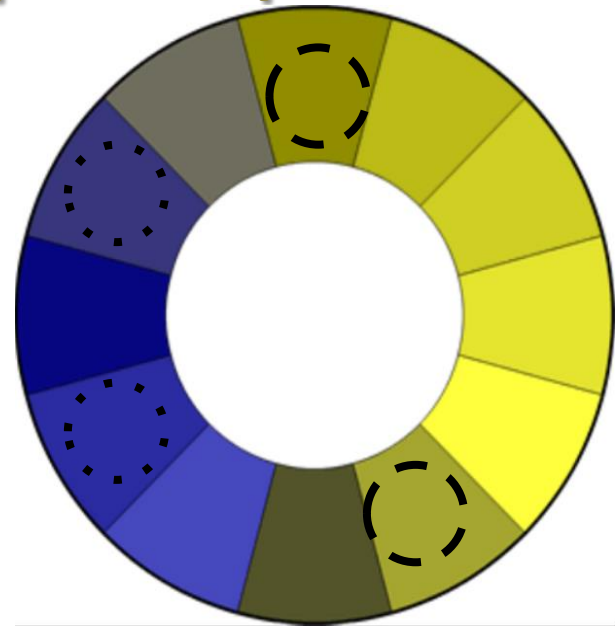
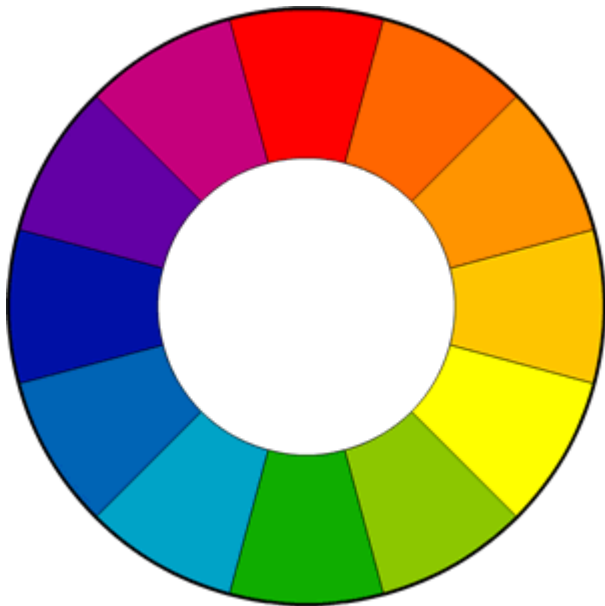
# Real-Time Assistance for Colorblind Gaming

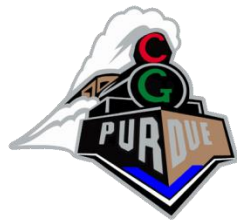
R. V.



Goal: Make differences along the red-green color axis perceptible by

h color





# Procedurally Generated Terrain

B. W.



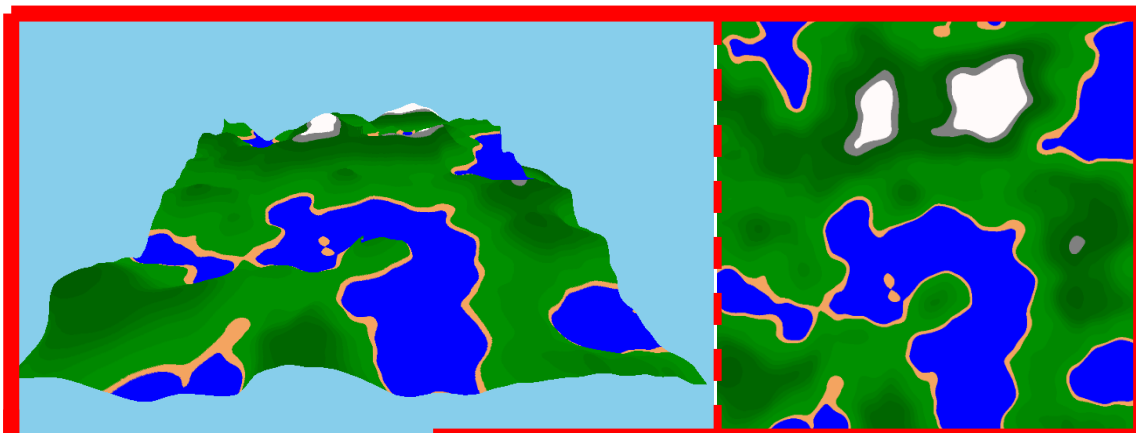
# Motivation

- I have been interested in procedural generation since before I was a computer science student
- Procedural generation is almost making an artist out of a computer program
- An interest in video games and their immersive environments at a young age pushed me to explore this topic
  - Minecraft
  - Terraria
  - The Binding of Isaac
  - Spelunky
  - Sid Meier's Civilization
  - Diablo



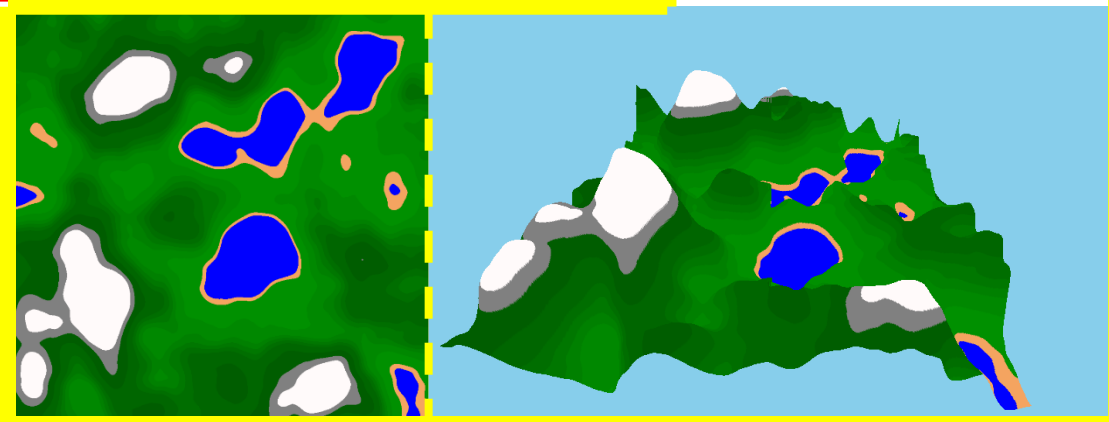


# Examples of my Terrain



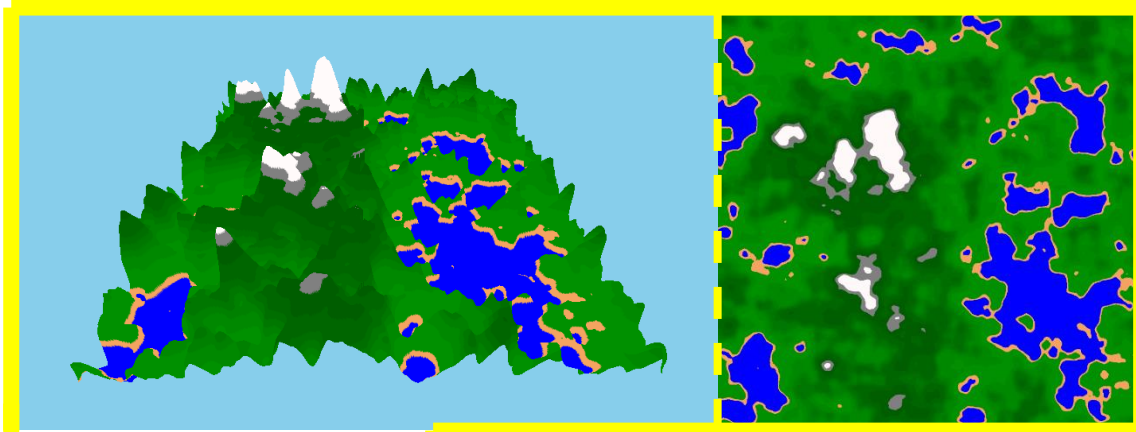
- Intensity = 100
- Roughness = 30

- ▶ Intensity = 200
- ▶ Roughness = 30



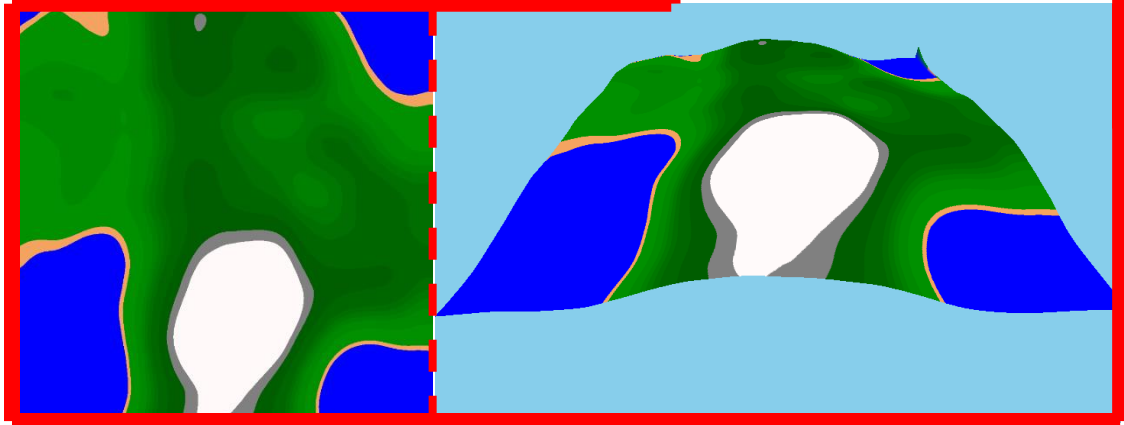


# Examples of my Terrain (extremes)



- Intensity = 100
- Roughness = 100

- ▶ Intensity = 100
- ▶ Roughness = 10





# Examples of this in Games



Similar to average  
values in terrain

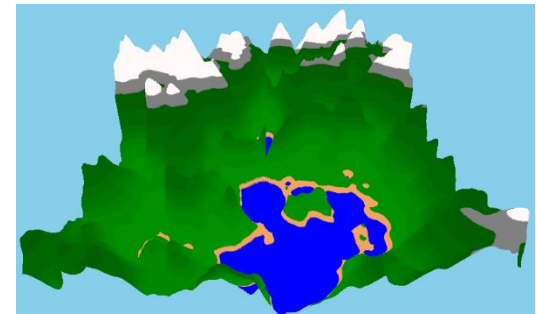


roughness ~ 50



Similar to higher values in terrain generator

Intensity ~200, Roughness ~50







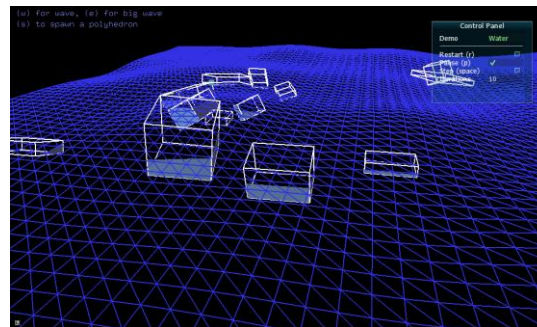
# Final Presentation: Water & Buoyancy

E. Z.



# Motivation

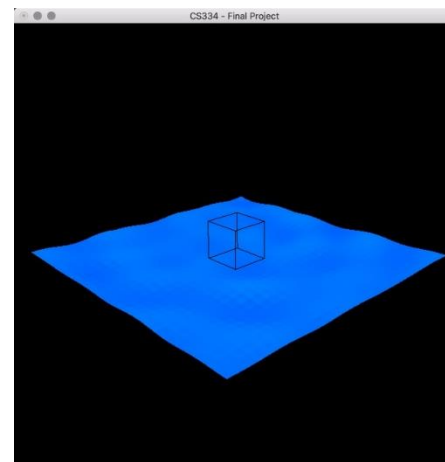
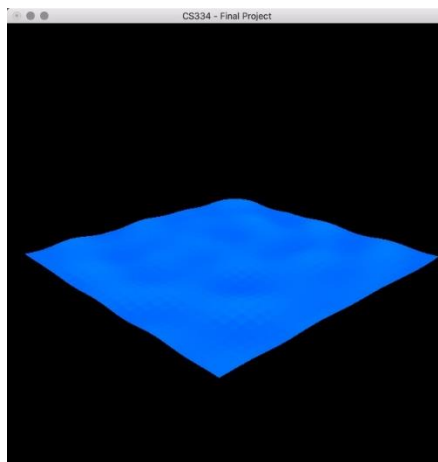
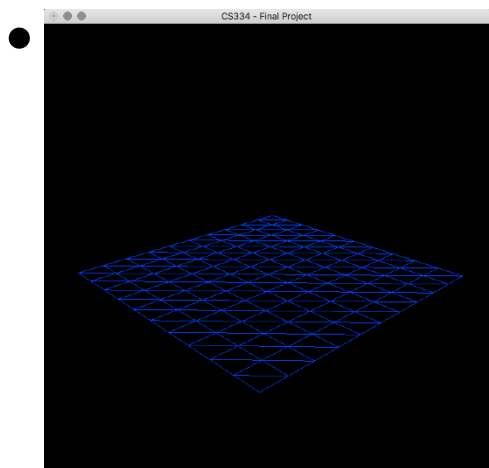
- Improve upon Assignment 2
- 3D simulation of water





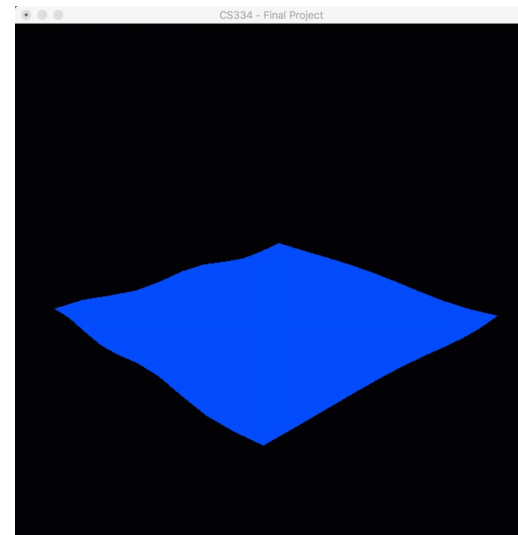
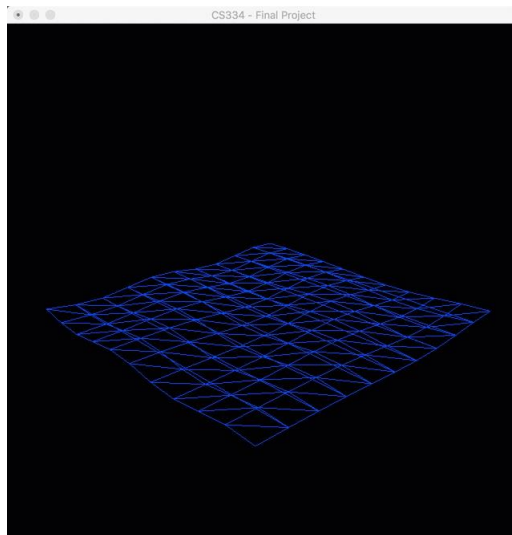
# Approach

- 3D representation of waves
- Sum of sine waves

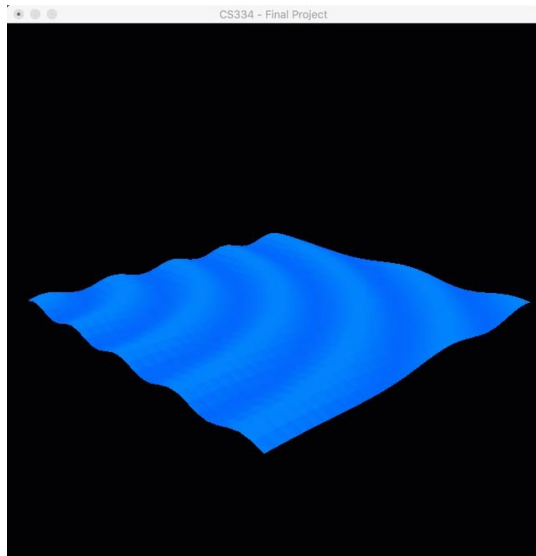




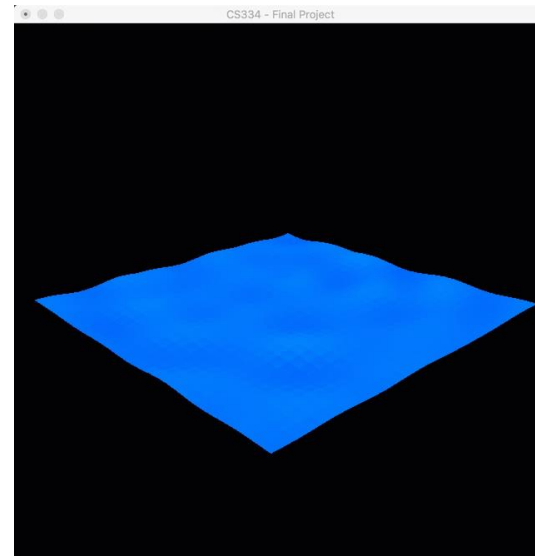
# Approach – 3D wave representation



# Approach – sum of sine waves

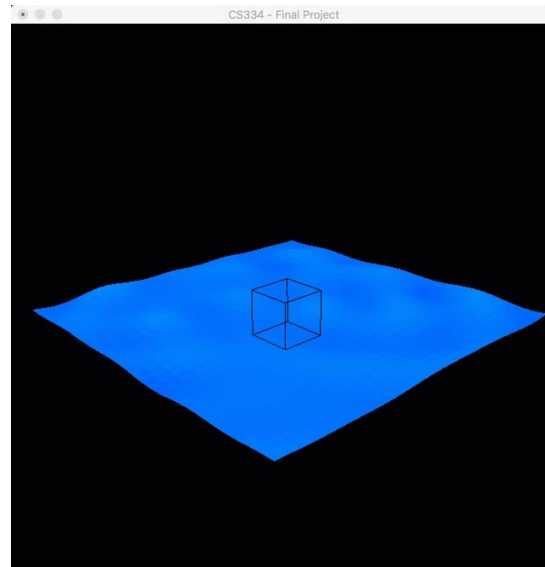


■ One sine wave from the origin (left corner)



■ Four sine waves from various starting points

# Approach - buoyancy





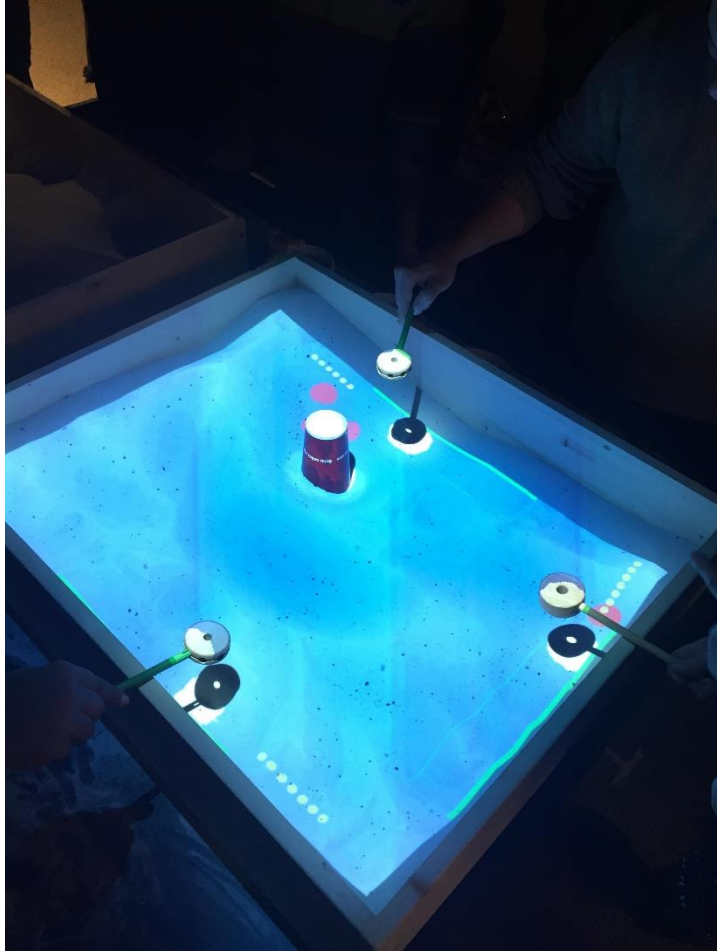
# Rigid Bodies

Zachary Neumann

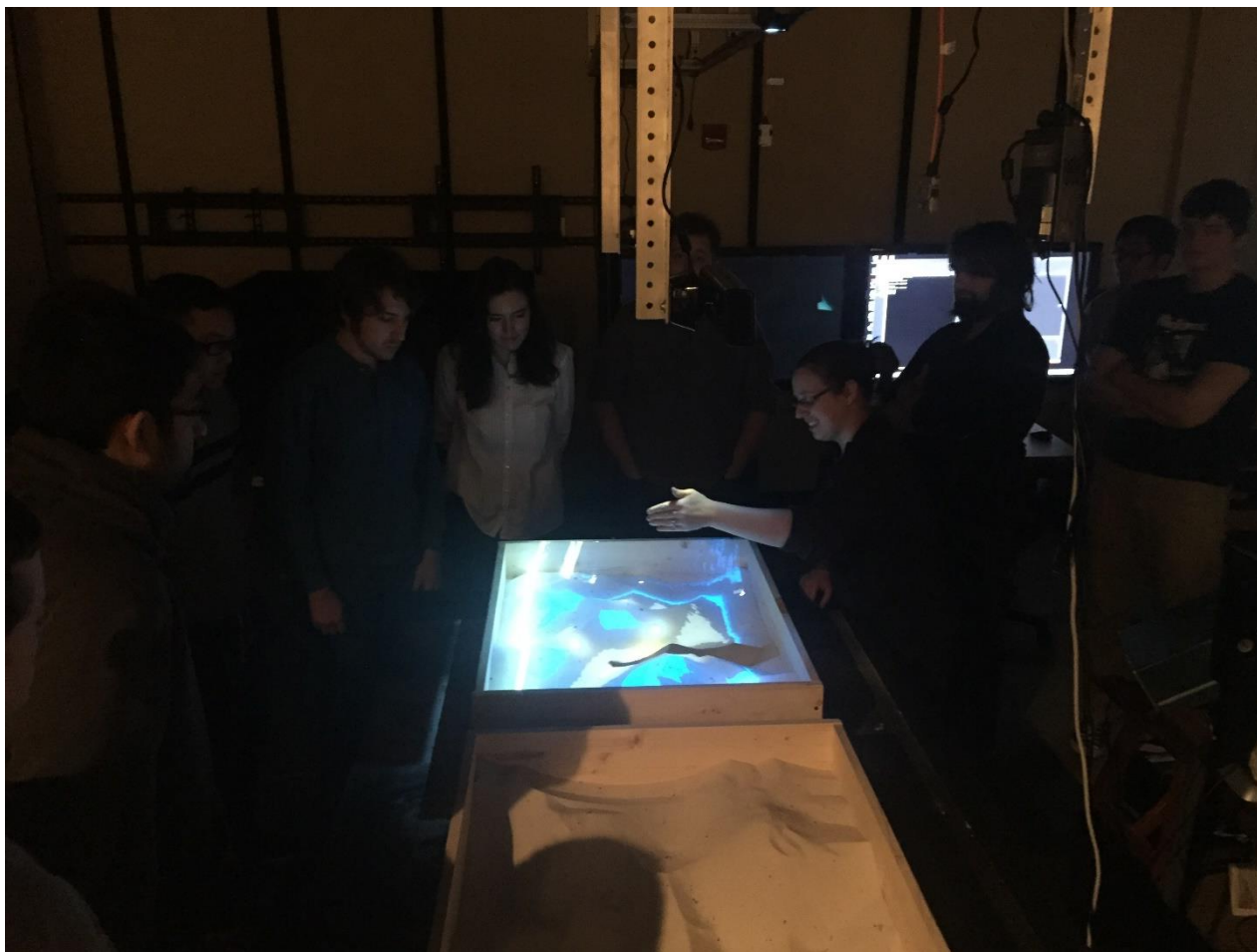
# SandBox Misc...

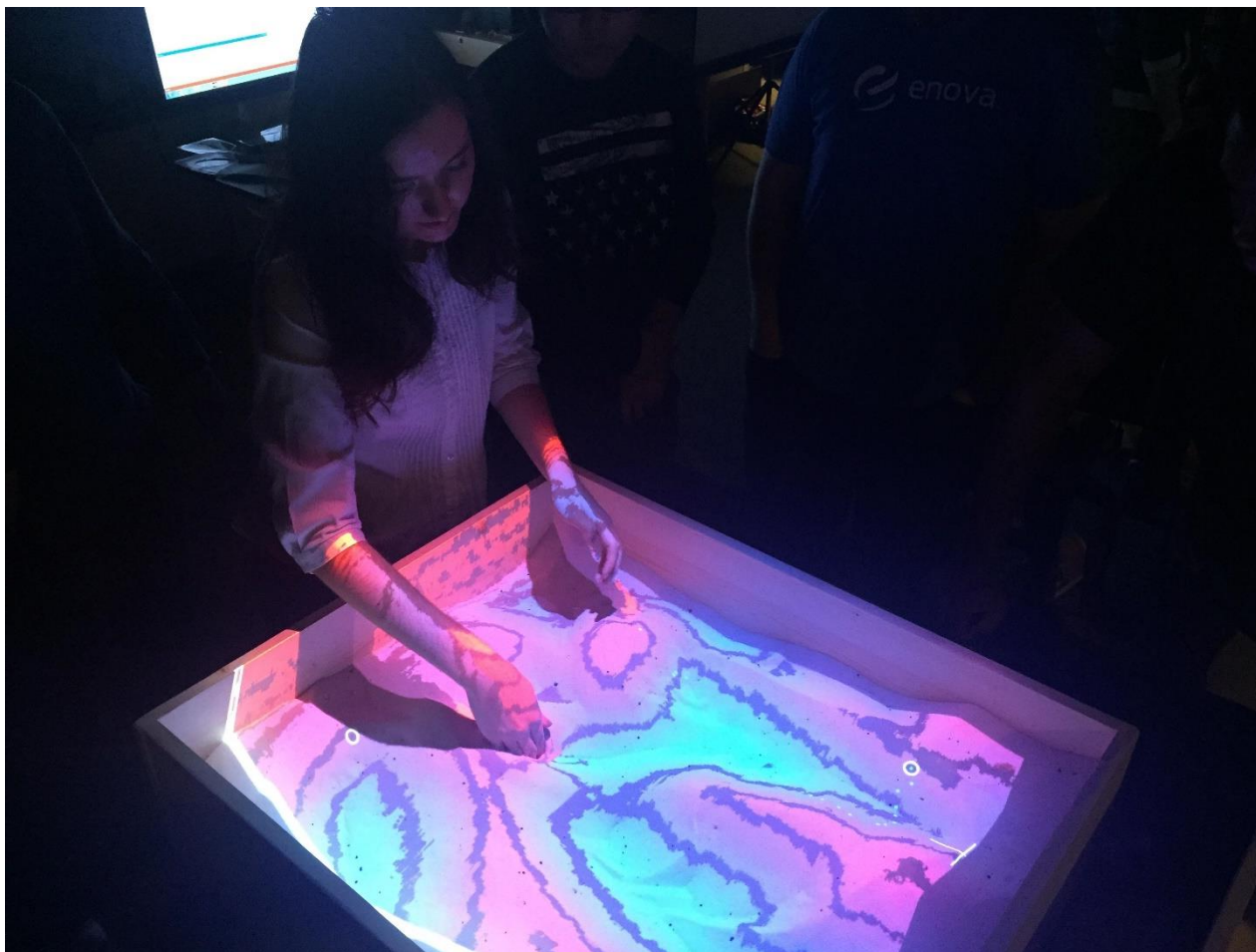


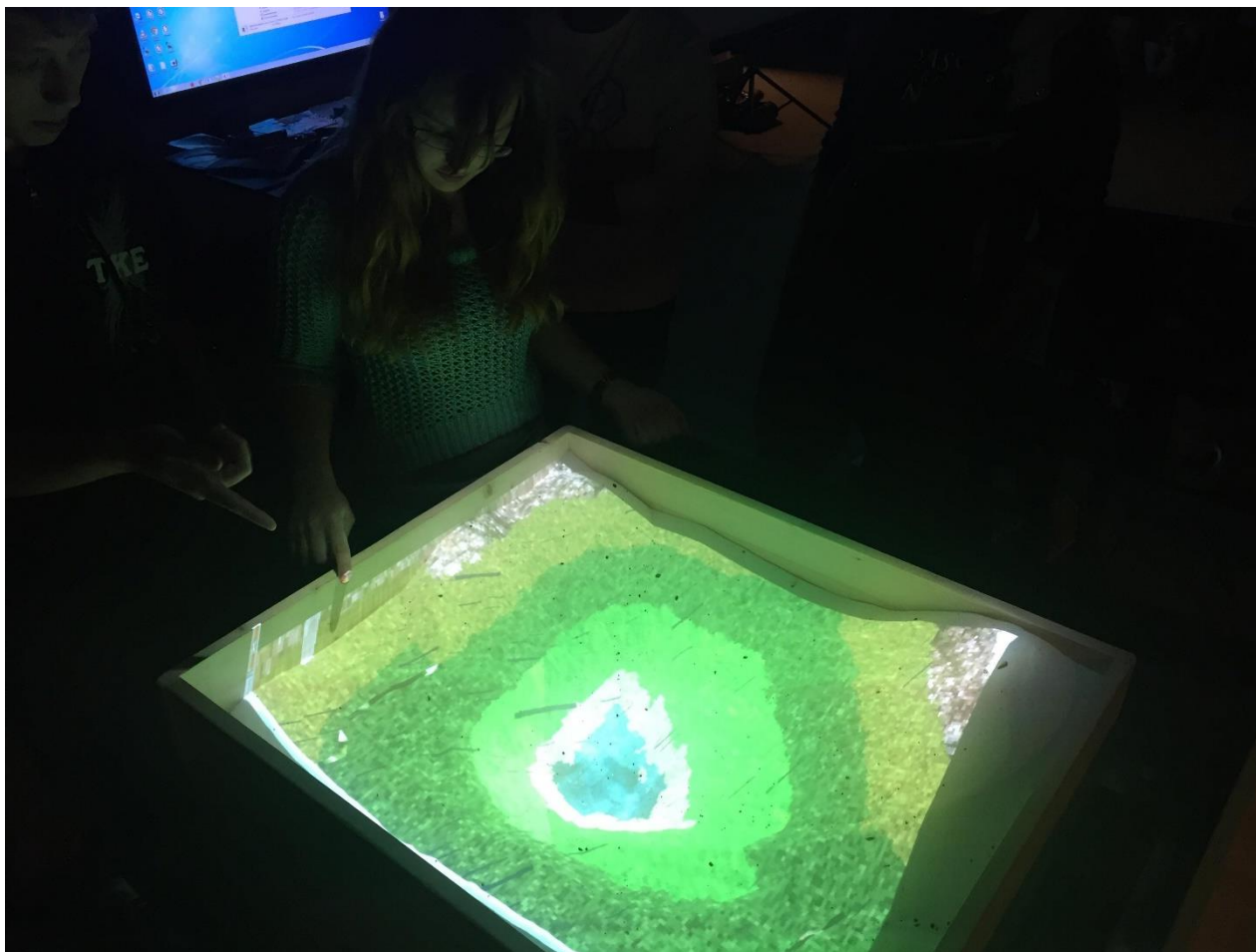




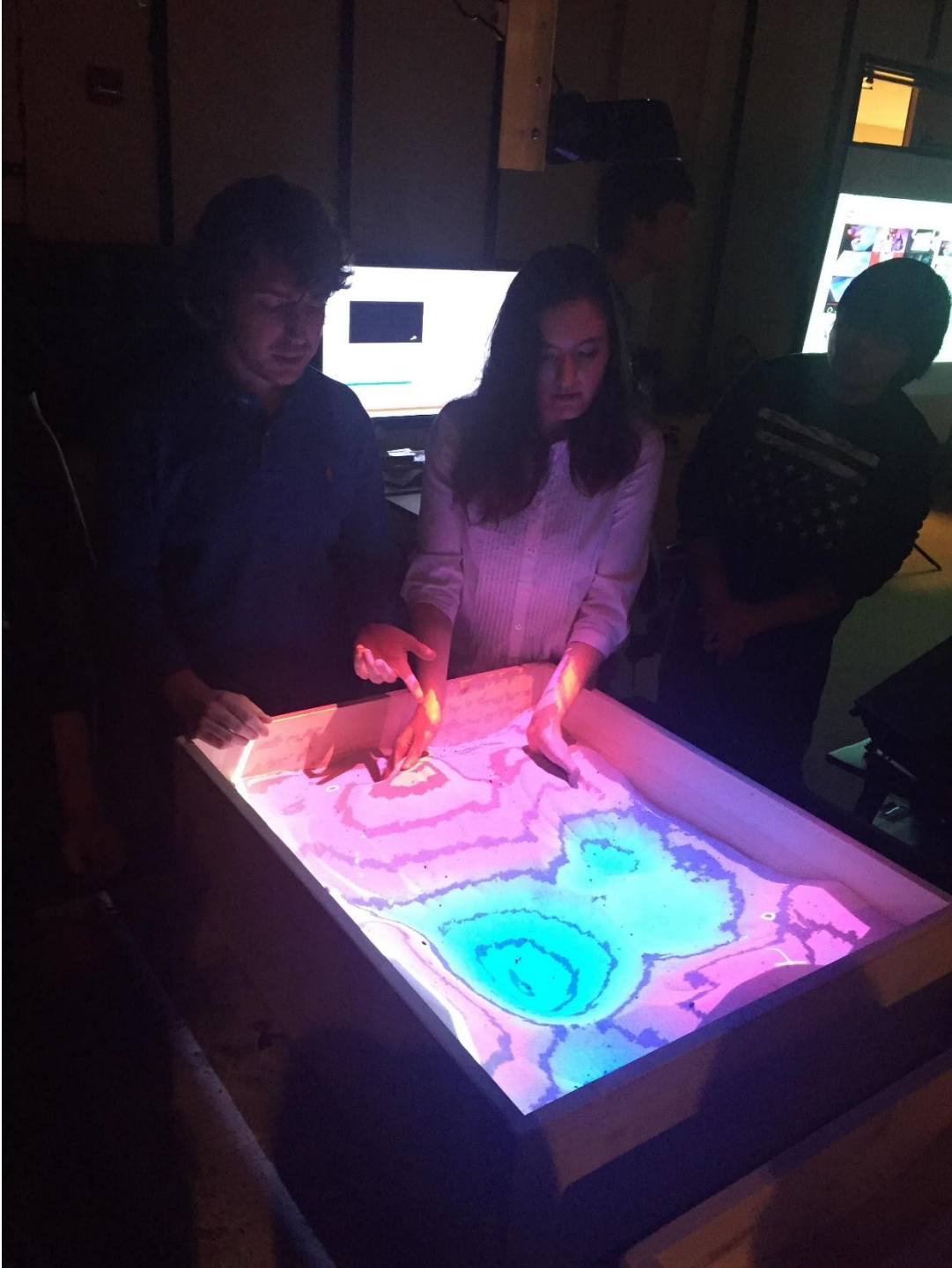


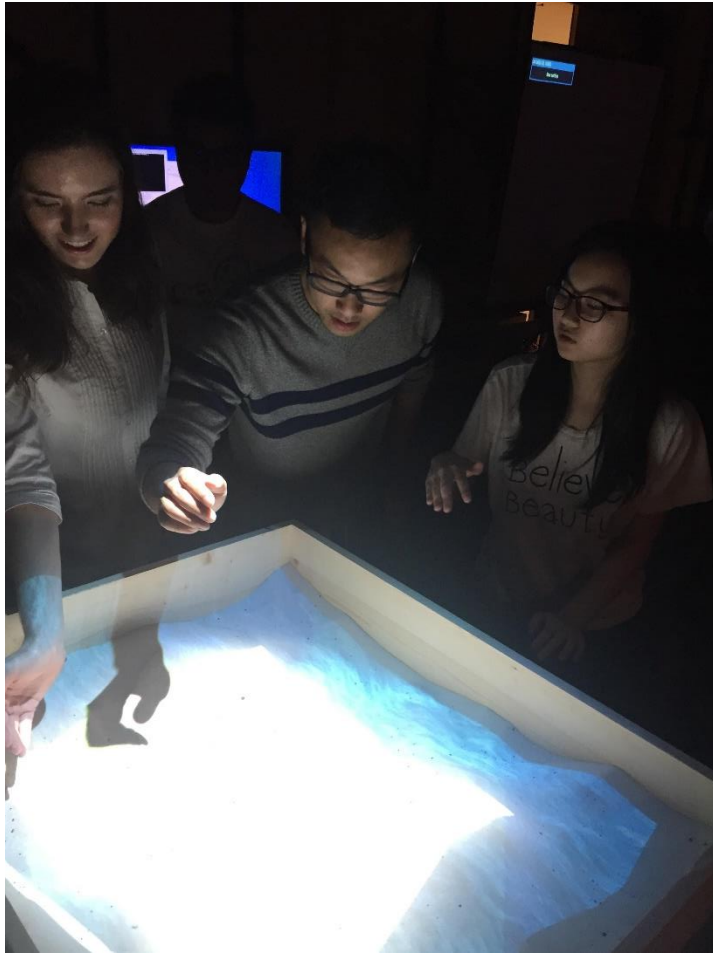
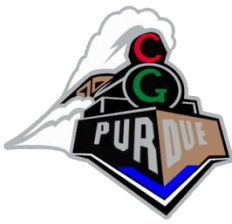


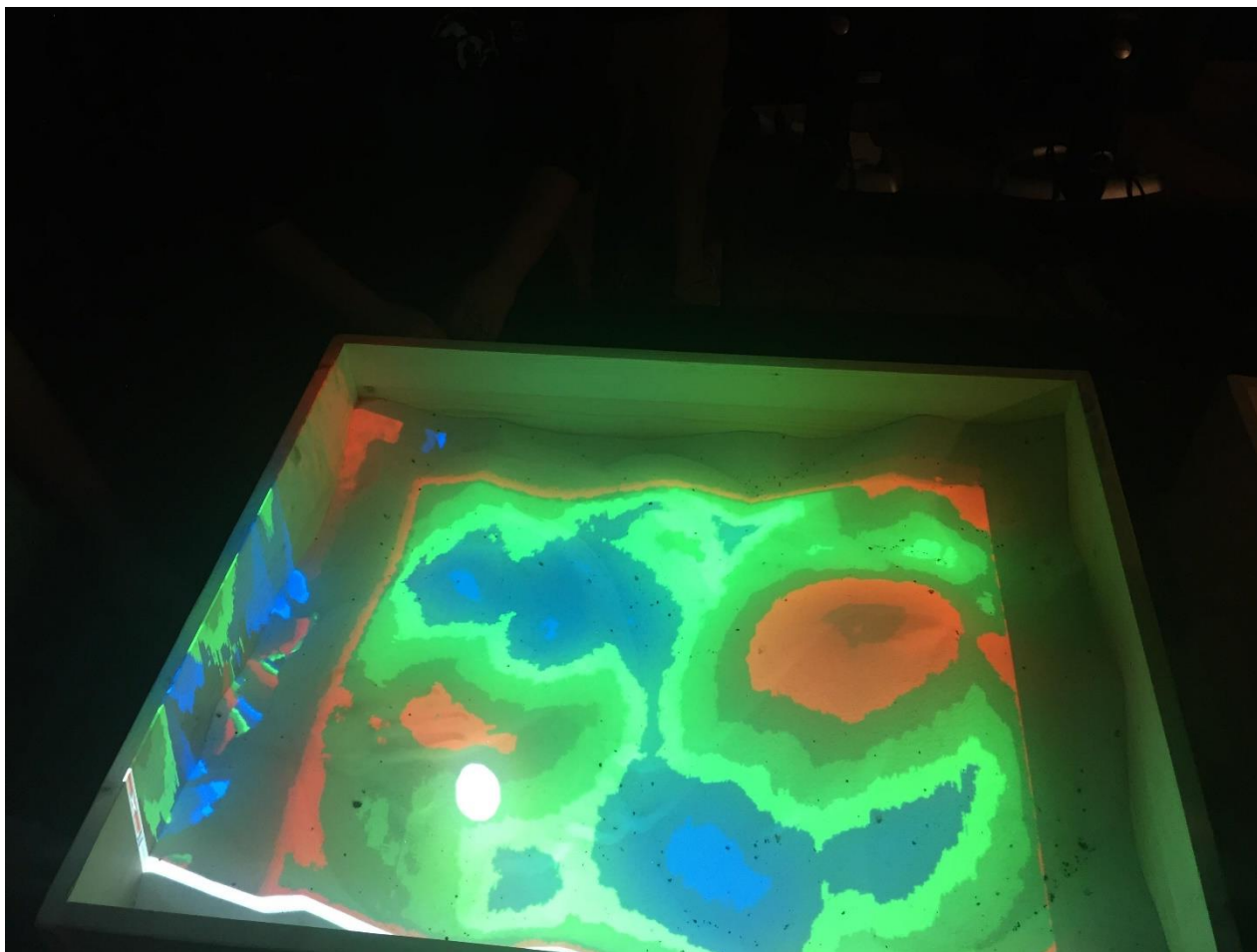












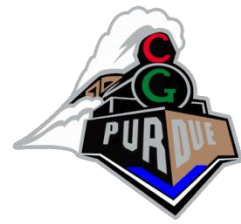






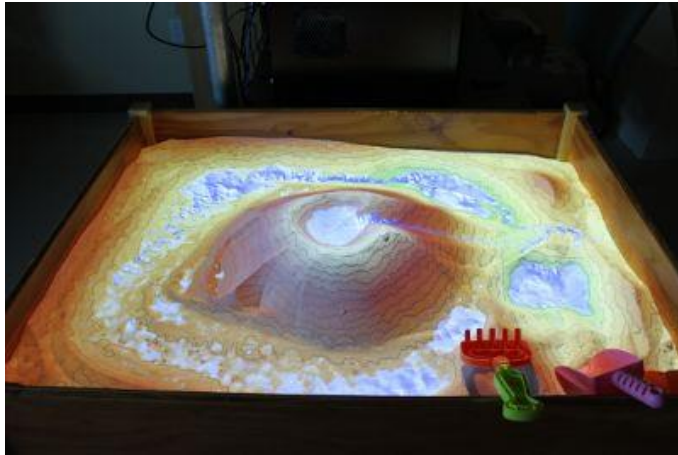
# Virtual Sandbox & Game

Y. L.



# Motivation

Virtual Sandbox



Treasure Hunt



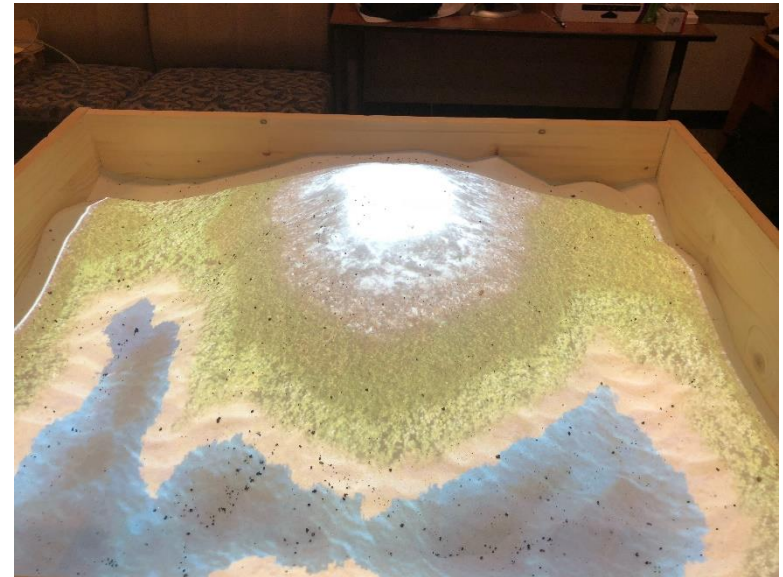


# SandBOX Observation

- Layout

Snow >> Rock >> Tundra >> Forest  
>> Grass >> Sand >> Water

- Mix texture based on height  
between sections



# SandBOX APPROACH



- Load Image
- Generate Texture
- Bind Texture with sampler
- Modify vertex and fragment shader





# GAME OBSERVATION



Hide



Show



# GAME DEMO

Mechanism of Game:

Use high location hand wave to  
update location randomly

Demo:

Set the gold block always visible





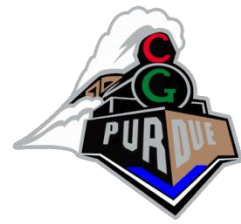
# Proposals (Fast Forwards)





# Procedural Modeling with sci-fi aesthetics

B. A.



# Inspiration



■ <http://www.deviantart.com/art/FUSE-Soviet-Space-Station-375498745>



# Inspiration



■ Mass Effect 2 - Bioware

■ <http://www.gamebreaker.tv/news-main/pc-2/mass-effect-4-survey-leak-gives-possible-look-at-game-details/>

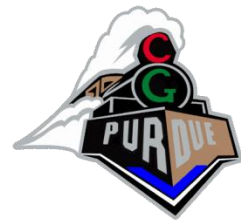


# Project Goals

- Explore generation of different space stations styles
  - Perhaps ‘Borg’ vs ‘Watchtower’
- Focus will be on geometric modelling as

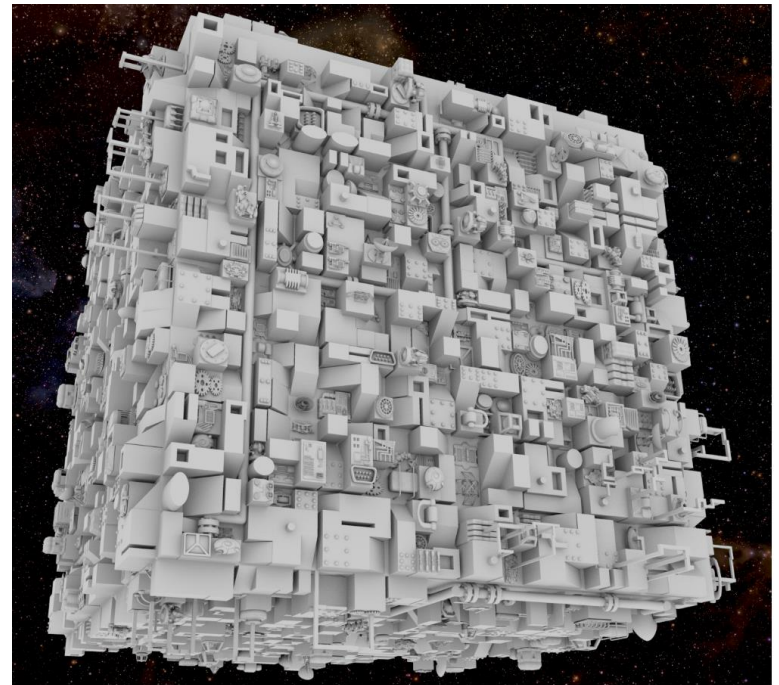


■ Procedural generation of surface detail for science fiction spaceships  
■ -Kinnear, Kaplan 2010



# Implementation

- C++ and OpenGL w/GLSL shaders, extending the framework built from course assignments
- Split/shape grammar rules guided by input file



■ Procedural generation of surface detail for science fiction spaceships  
■ -Kinnear, Kaplan 2010



# Demo

- Camera explorable OpenGL scene to simplify viewing results produced with parameters from input file





# Pen-and-Ink Non-Photorealistic Renderer

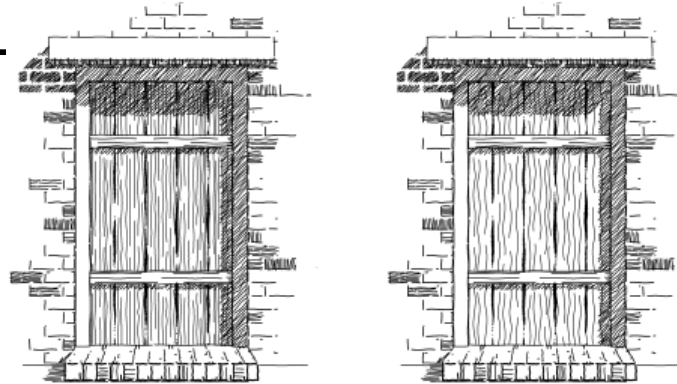
S. K.



# Pen-and-Ink NPR

- Develop and implement a pen-and-ink renderer using precreated tonal maps
- Building off of the work done in Computer

Generated Pen-  
Winkenbach et

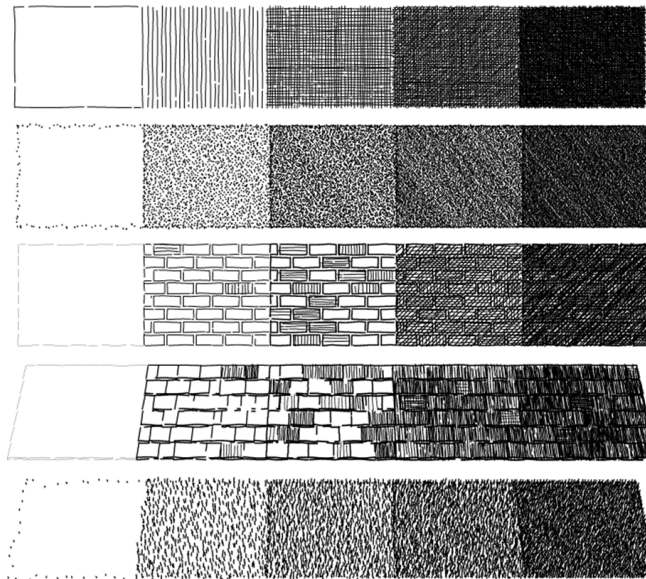


by



# Example Precreated Tonal Maps

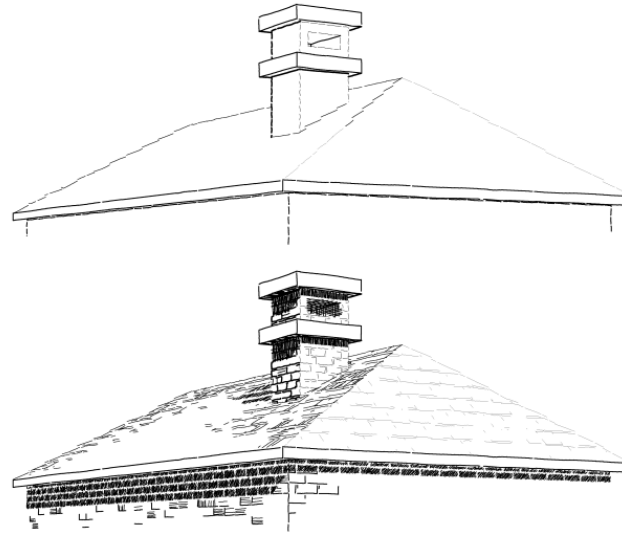
- Assign tone dependent on intensity of light
- Assign texture from user input

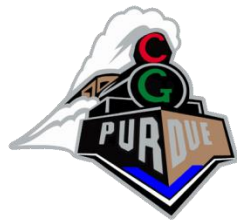




# Outlines

- Boundary outlines express texture
  - Each stroke texture has corresponding boundary outline
- Minimize interior outlines
  - Only drawn when the tones of two neighboring faces are not very distinguishable.
- Accent outline
  - Used for shadowing and relief





# Demo

- Real-time rendering of several sample objects and manipulating view point
- Real-time rendering of an environment from multiple view points.



# Image Sources

- All images retrieved from:  
<ftp://ftp.cs.washington.edu/tr/1994/01/UW-CSE-94-01-08b.d/UW-CSE-94-01-08b.pdf>



# Terrain Procedural Modeling

D. K.



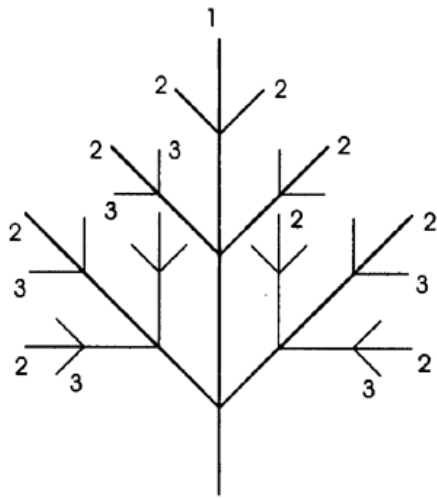
# Terrain Procedural Modeling



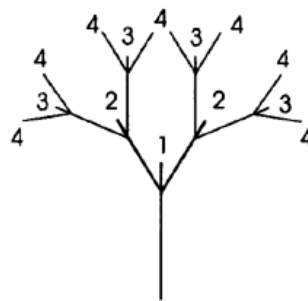


# What Am I Going To Do?

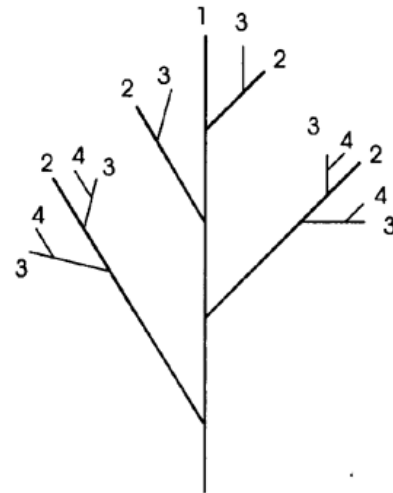
## 1. Procedural Modeling to Create a River



(a)

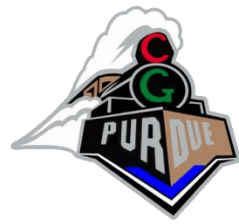


(b)



(c)

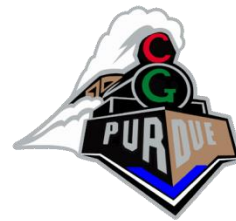
# What Am I Going To Do?



2. Based on river location generate the terrain
  1. Generate down-sloping terrain from mouth of river
  2. Near river add more foliage / green terrain
  3. Away from river procedurally generate terrain

# Demo





# Procedural Modeling and Fluid Dynamics Simulation

Terrain and flora with water generated through SPH

I. O. and W. B.



## Overview

- A 3D Generated Scene/Game
- This will be split into three main parts
  - Terrain generation
  - Plant generation
  - SPH water simulation





## Main Aspects

- Procedurally generated environment
- Realistic fluid flow dynamics.
- User can create/interact with water.

## Terrain Generation

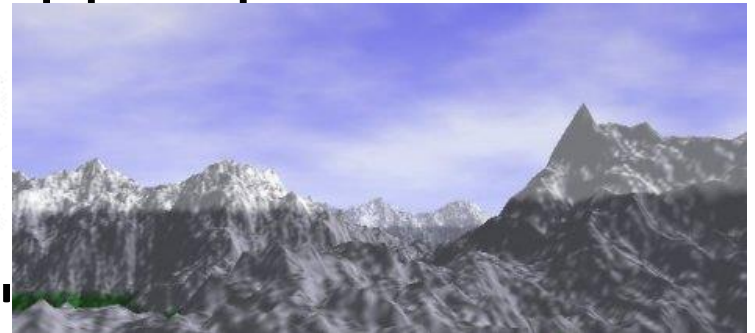
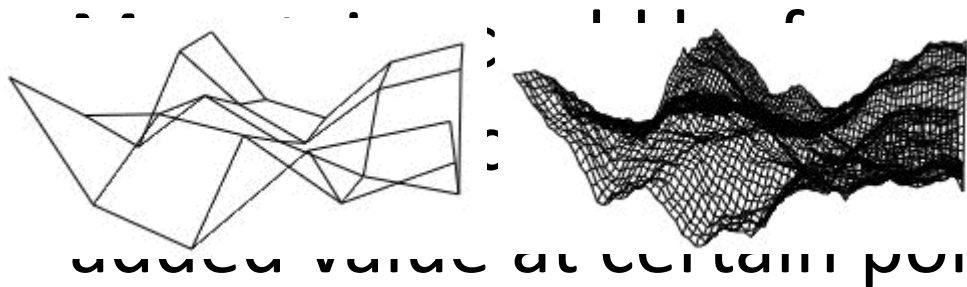
- We will be using the **Diamond Square Algorithm** to generate random terrain
- The following is constantly looped:

- **Diamond Step:** make a midpoint for every square and give it a value of the average of the corners with a random value in a predefined range

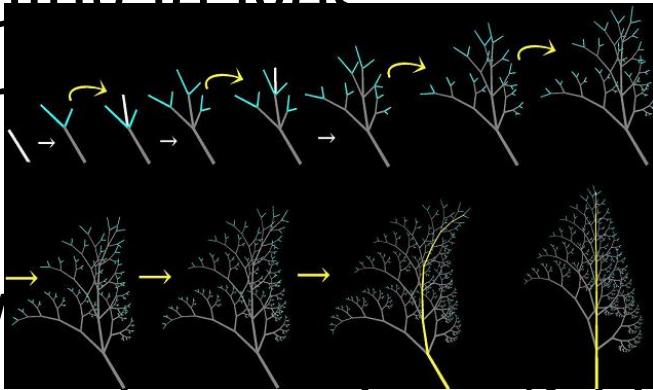
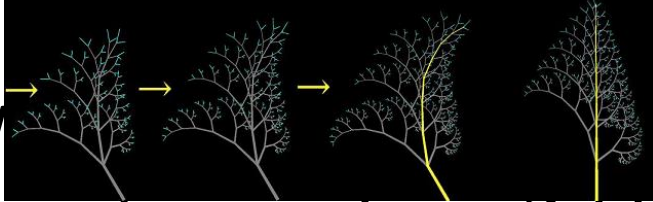
- **Square Step:** make a midpoint for every diamond and give it a value of the average of the corners with a value in a certain range<sup>[1][2]</sup>

## Terrain Generation

- Texture and colours will be added depending on the heights to make a more varied landscape, such as snow capped peaks



## Flora Generation

- We will use L System grammars to generate a variety of plants.<sup>[3]</sup>
- Tree will be generated by altering trunk size and adding leaves
- Different  mapped on to the object
- Plants with  at certain heights
- Plants can be made in 3d by adding a random direction for which the branches should stem from<sup>[4] [5]</sup>

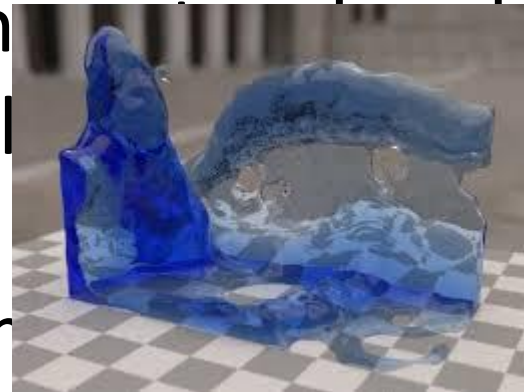
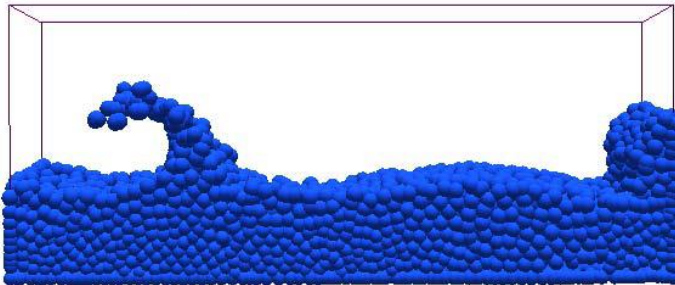


## Fluid Simulation

- Lagrangian Method
  - coordinates move with the fluid
  - lower accuracy, but faster
  - preferred method for real-time fluid simulation
- Eulerian Method
  - grid-based
  - more consistent, but slower<sup>[6]</sup>

## Smooth particle Hydrodynamics

- The concept for this method of water simulation is to constantly keep track of thousands of particles, while monitoring how they react to the environment and other particles. Additionally, it's great for simulating water splashes and other fluid dynamics.
- The water surface is then defined as the top of the individual particles [7]







## Smooth particle Hydrodynamics

- Each particle has a set of values stored such as position, velocity, density, mass and pressure and they values are used to calculate a new position after altering the acceleration at every iteration
- Basically calculating the change in velocity for every particle at every iteration in time:  $\partial V / \partial t = A^{\text{pressure}} + A^{\text{viscosity}} + A^{\text{gravity}} + A^{\text{external}}$  [6]
- Every iteration the density and the pressure needs to be recalculated in order to find the



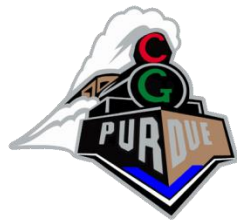
## Team Dynamics

We will be using the agile development technique of pair programming so that we both get the experience in working through the different areas of this project. Also we will be able to program more efficiently as errors, tiredness and complications in code will be less of a problem.



## References

- [1]: Procedurally generated terrain tutorial through fractal : <http://www.gameprogrammer.com/fractal.html>
- [2]: Diamond Square image: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diamond-square\\_algorithm#/media/File:Diamond\\_Square.svg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diamond-square_algorithm#/media/File:Diamond_Square.svg)
- [3]: Plant generation: <https://www.cs.purdue.edu/homes/aliaga/cs334-15fall/lectures/lec-proc-modeling.pdf>
- [4]: L Systems: <http://algorithmicbotany.org/papers/abop/abop-ch1.pdf>
- [5]: Tree generated with L Systems: <http://www.ms.is.ritsumei.ac.jp/profile/staff/ijiri/ProjSketchLsystem/index.html>
- [6]: SPH simulation, section 5: [http://cg.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/intern/seminar/gridFluids\\_fluid-EulerParticle.pdf](http://cg.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/intern/seminar/gridFluids_fluid-EulerParticle.pdf)
- [7] SPH: <http://www.glowinggoo.com/sph/bin/kelager.06.pdf>



# Non-Photorealistic Rendering

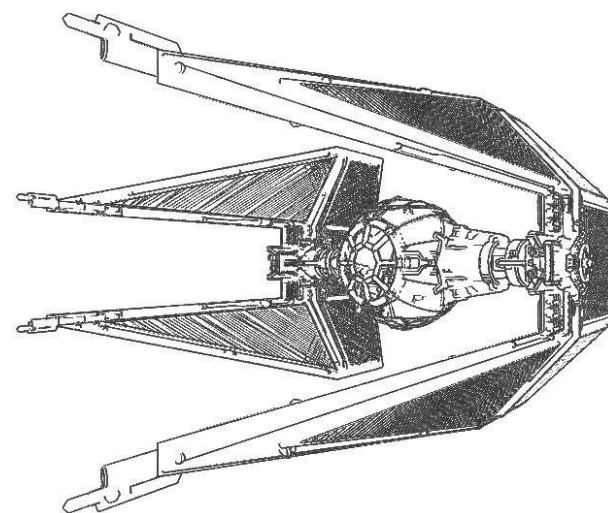
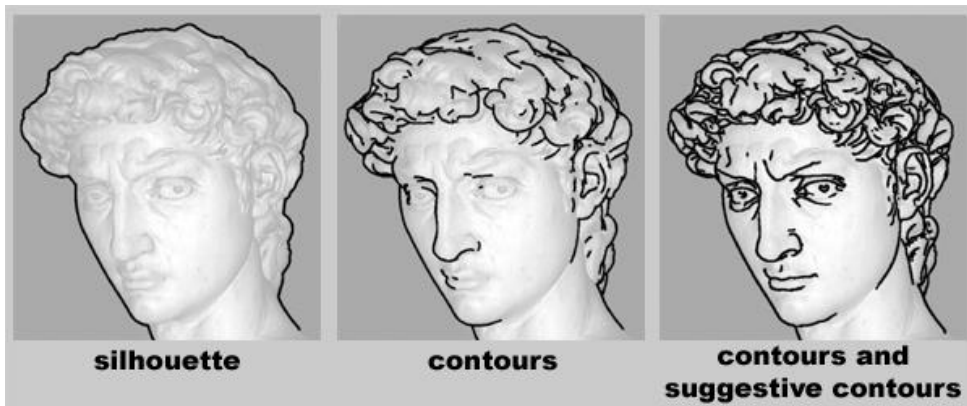
Contour / Silhouette

A. S.

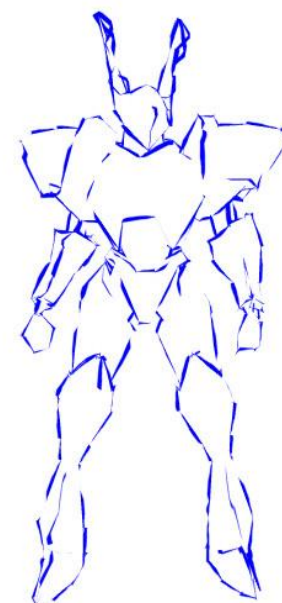
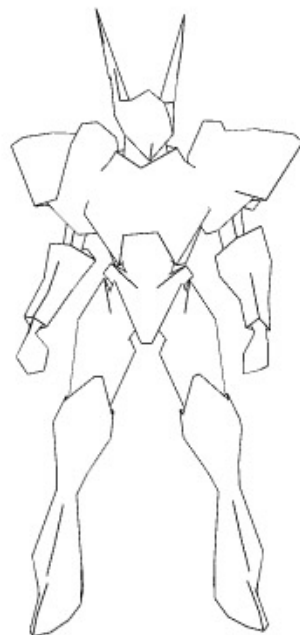


# Introduction

- The silhouette is the simplest form of line art and is used in cartoons, technical illustrations, architectural design and medical atlases.
- Given  $E$  as the eye vector, a point on a surface  $(u, v)$  with surface normal  $N$  is a silhouette point if  $E \cdot N = 0$ .
- Used for realistic rendering and interactive techniques.
- Object space algorithms involve computations in three dimensions and produce a list of silhouette edges or curves for a given viewpoint.



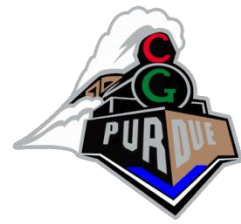




# Object – Space Silhouette Algorithms

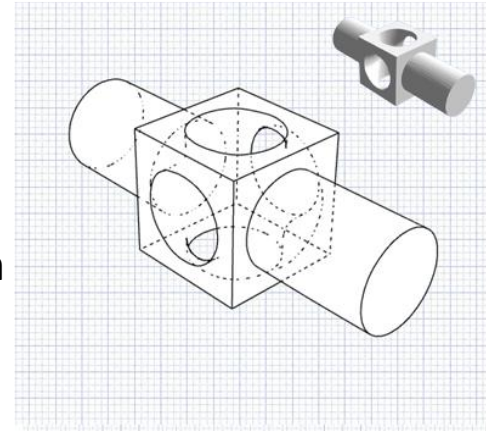


- Existing Algorithms such as:
  - Brute Force
  - Edge Buffer
  - Probabilistic
  - Gauss Map Arc Hierarchy



# Edge Buffer

- Iteration over polygons.
- Create a polygon list.
  - Have a front flag and a back flag.
- Create an edge list.
- Edges sharing exactly one front and back facing polygon



# ■ Procedural Modeling of Skyscrapers



■ G. H.

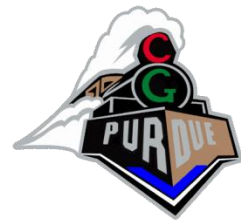


## ■ How?

Input:

Height/number of  
Length and width of





# ■ Building Generation

## Types of Buildings

Curved



■ - Rectangular





# ■ Building Variation



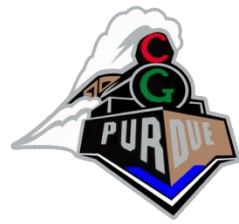
Twist



Tiered



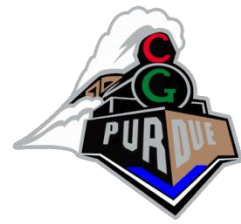
# ■ Generating Building Textures



Randomly generate textures

Win  
Color  
Door  
Bum



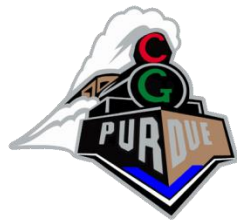


# ■ Demo

Vary input

Generate multiple buildings per input

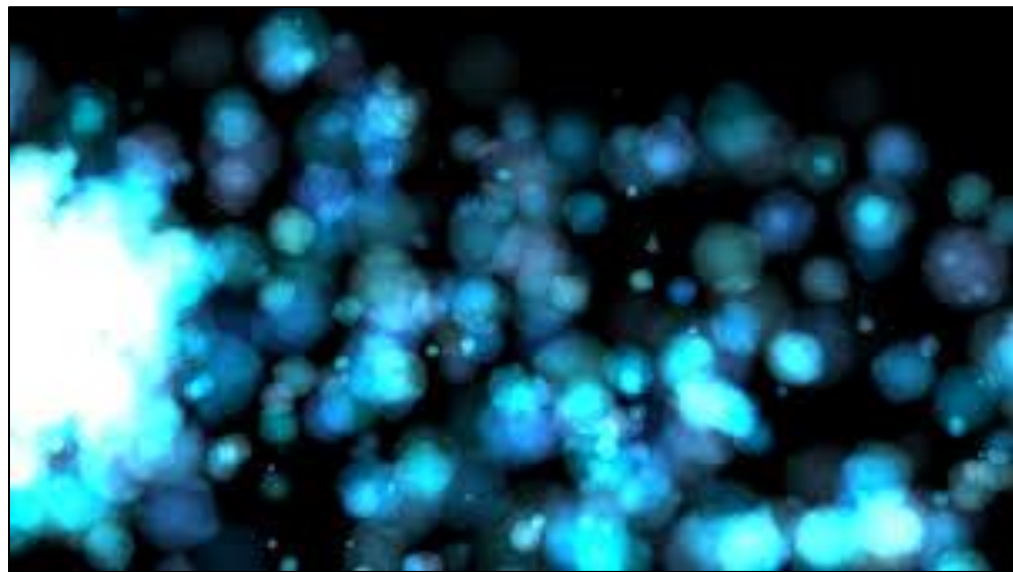
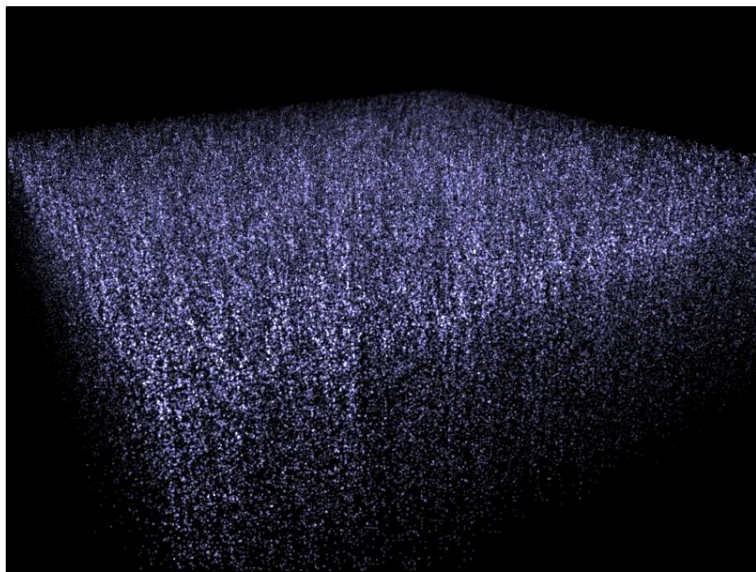
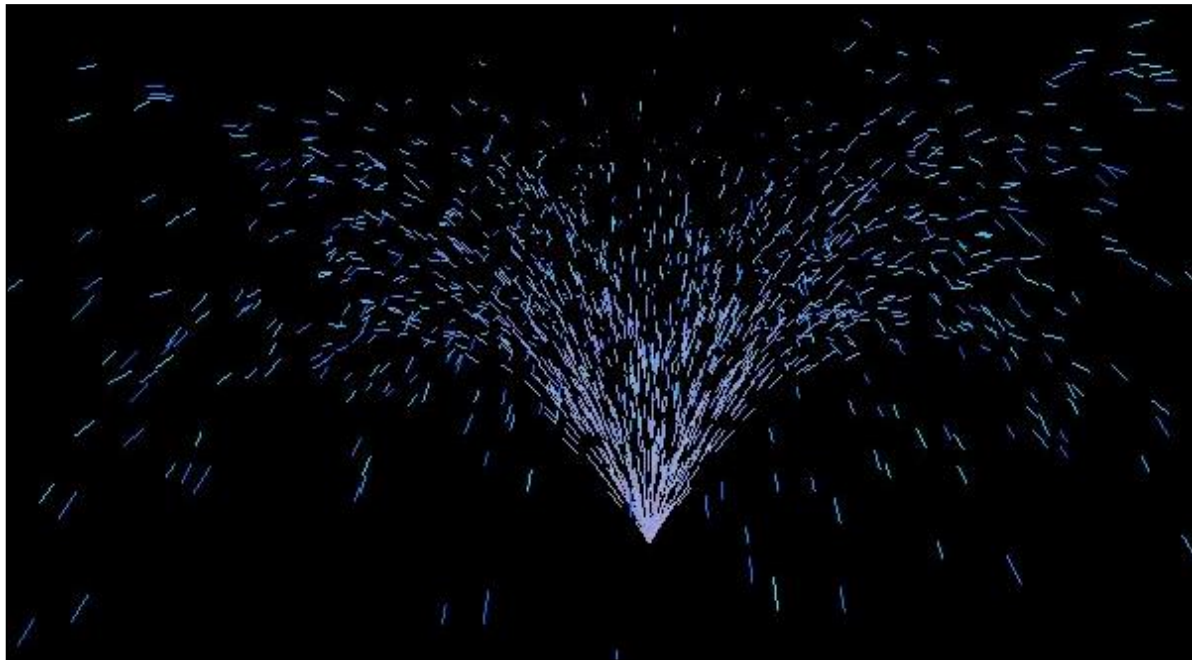


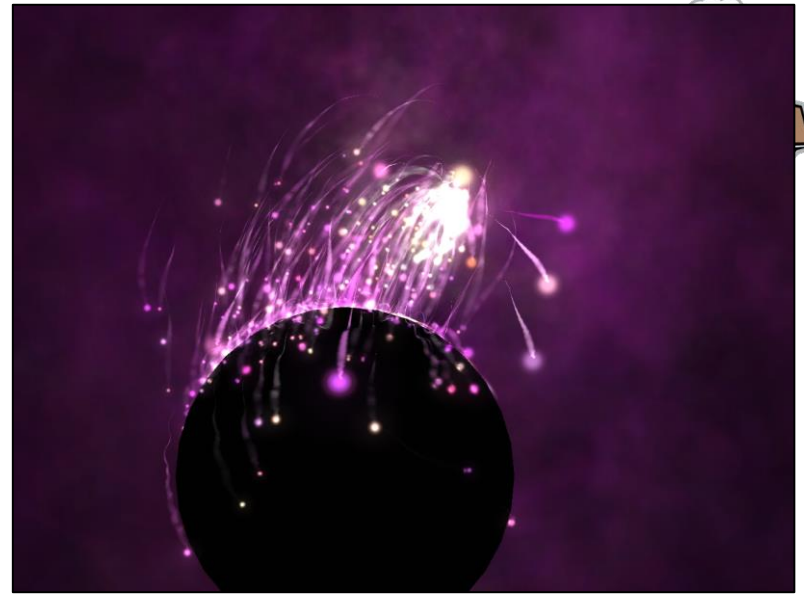
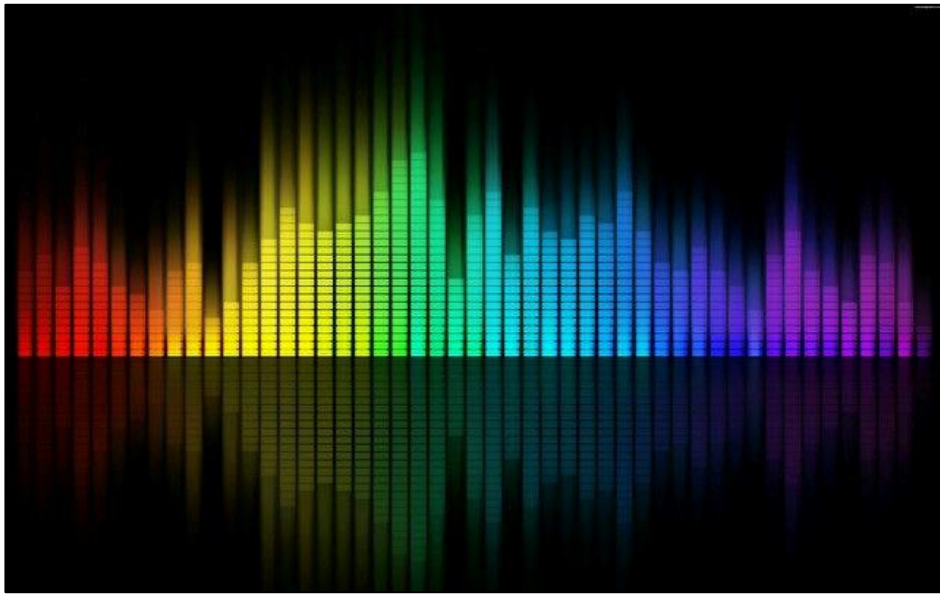


# Particle Audio Visualizer

N. S.









# How?

- Web Graphics Library (WebGL)
- Web Audio API
  - Audio loading & playing
  - FFT Analyzer
- System of Particles
- Frequency Bins
- Lighting, Velocity, Fade



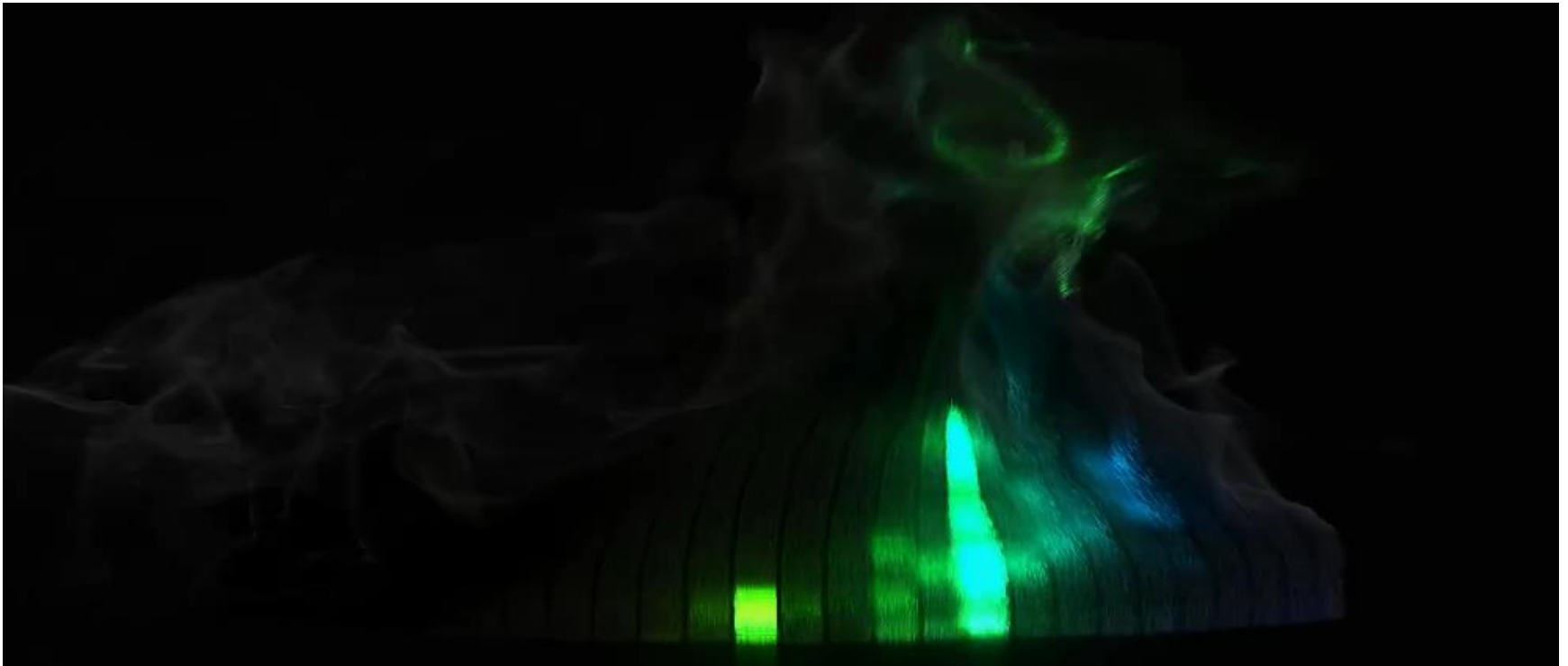


# Demo

- Live on web page
- Vote on song(s) via piazza



# Example





# PM-Plants

M. J.

## What: Modeling Plants 2D/3D



Grammar defined as a tuple:

$(V, A, P)$

V = variables and constants

A = axiom

P = production rules

# Branching L-System Tree after 5 iterations



Grammar to produce this colored plant:

**variables : 0, 1**

**constants: [, ]**

**axiom : 0**

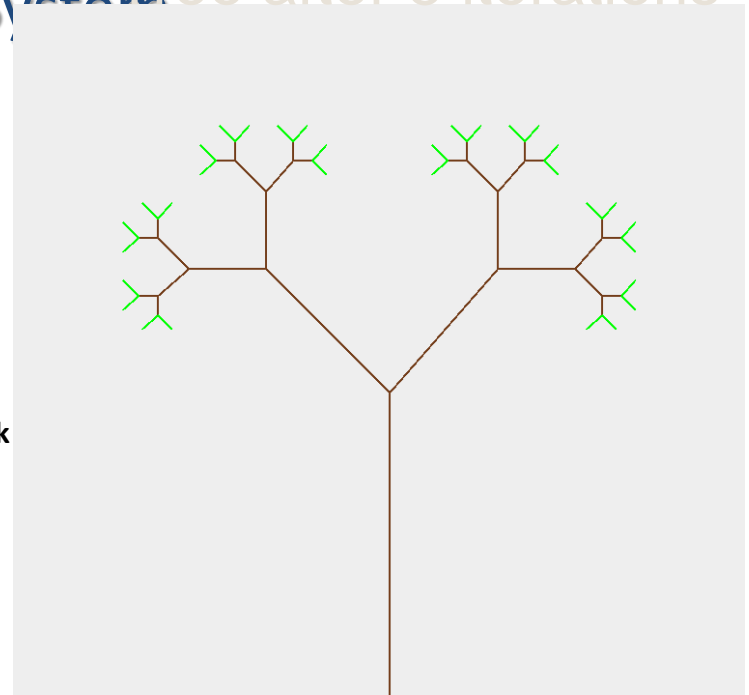
**rules : (1 → 11), (0 → 1[0]0)**

Drawing Rules:

**0 : draw leaf, green color**

**1 : draw branch, brown color**

**[ : push position to stack and turn left 45 deg , ] : pop position from stack**





## Iteration 5



11111111111111111111[111111111[1111[11[1[0]0]1[0]0]11[1[0]0]1[0]0  
]1111[11[1[0]0]1[0]0]11[1[0]0]1[0]0]11111111[1111[11[1[0]0]1  
[0]0]11[1[0]0]1[0]0]1111[11[1[0]0]1[0]0]11[1[0]0]1[0]0

## Stochastic L-System



Probability based generation  
of leaves and branches

$1 \rightarrow 11, P = .33$

$1 \rightarrow [1]0, P = .33$

$1 \rightarrow 1[01]0, P = .33$

Many variations to create  
complexity







## 3D L-System

Have grammar that manipulates segments in  
3d space. Pitch, Roll, Yaw, increase size,  
decrease size, change color

iterations=7, initial angle=22.5

axiom: A

Rules:

A → [&FL!A]/////['&FL!A]/////['&FL!A]

F → S///// F

S → F L

L → ['''^{\{-f+f+f-|-f+f+f\}}





## How and Demo



Parser to understand the grammar

Interpreter compute iterations. Draws segments based on orientation from grammar

OpenGL/C++ program to draw based on produced string

Demo will consist of rendering variety of 3d/2d plants using various L-Systems