



Power Grid Visualization

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Power Grid Basics



■ Transmission

- Converting to high voltage allows less power loss during transmission (step-up).
 - $P = IV = V^2 / R$
 - $P_{\text{loss}} = RI^2 = R (P / V)^2 = RP^2 / V^2 \approx 7.2\%$ in U.S.
- High resistance causes high heat in transmission line (potentially very bad).
- Need to step-down voltage before it reaches homes.

Power Grid Basics



- Very large graph consisting of power generators and consumers (nodes) and transmission lines (edges).
- Electricity distributed as a 3-phase AC current (new voltage waveform generated 3 times per cycle).
 - Need to convert to a single-phase before reaching homes.

Power Grid Basics



- Electronic demand is very variable.
 - Often cheaper to import electricity from another unburdened power plant.
 - The demand is often correlated locally (a hot day in the South), so energy may come from far away.
 - Grids span across countries (such as our own grid, which comprises of the U.S. and a portion of Canada)
- Power typically consumed within a second of generation.

Power Grid Basics



- We pay to keep the 3-phase AC current from going too far out of phase.
 - If a generator becomes too burdened, it requests a nearby generator to help, which may request another generator's help...
- Cascading failures.
 - Normally controlled by delays built into the system and the availability of alternate paths.



Human Response



- Each power station has a human controller.
 - If they detect a possible cascading failure, they must shed load.
- Assisted by power flow modeling tools.
- If they are unable to predict future events, they must fall back on a contingency plan and alert neighboring controllers.

Northeast Blackout of 2003

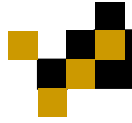


- August 13th, 2003
 - 50 million people affected.
 - 6 billion dollars in losses.
- Main cause determined to be untrimmed trees in the Cleveland area.
 - When a line hits a tree, the line is short circuited.
 - Causes other lines to pick up the slack.
 - Which causes increased load (resistance) on line → increased heat on line → line to sag more → line to hit overgrown tree.

Visualizing Power Grids



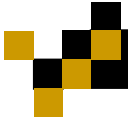
- Large networks cannot be looked at all at once.
 - Need to generalize areas of the grid.
- Power stations also want to visualize the costs of generating electricity.
- The data is illegal to have.



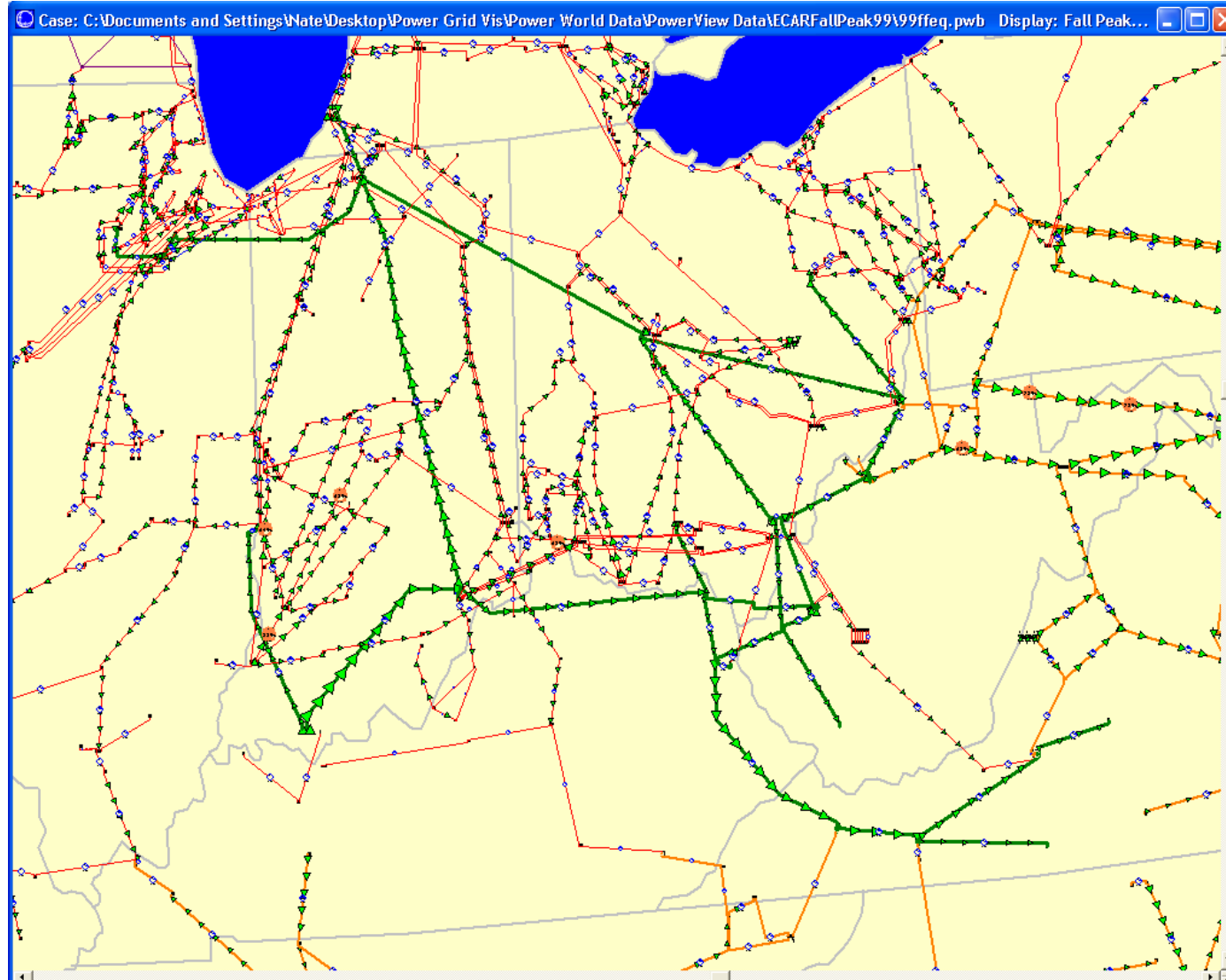
Previous Work

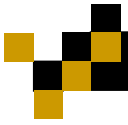


- Power World Corporation
 - Tom Overbye (also a professor ECE at UIUC)
 - Seems to be the standard.
 - Most (if not all) power grid visualization research stems from here.

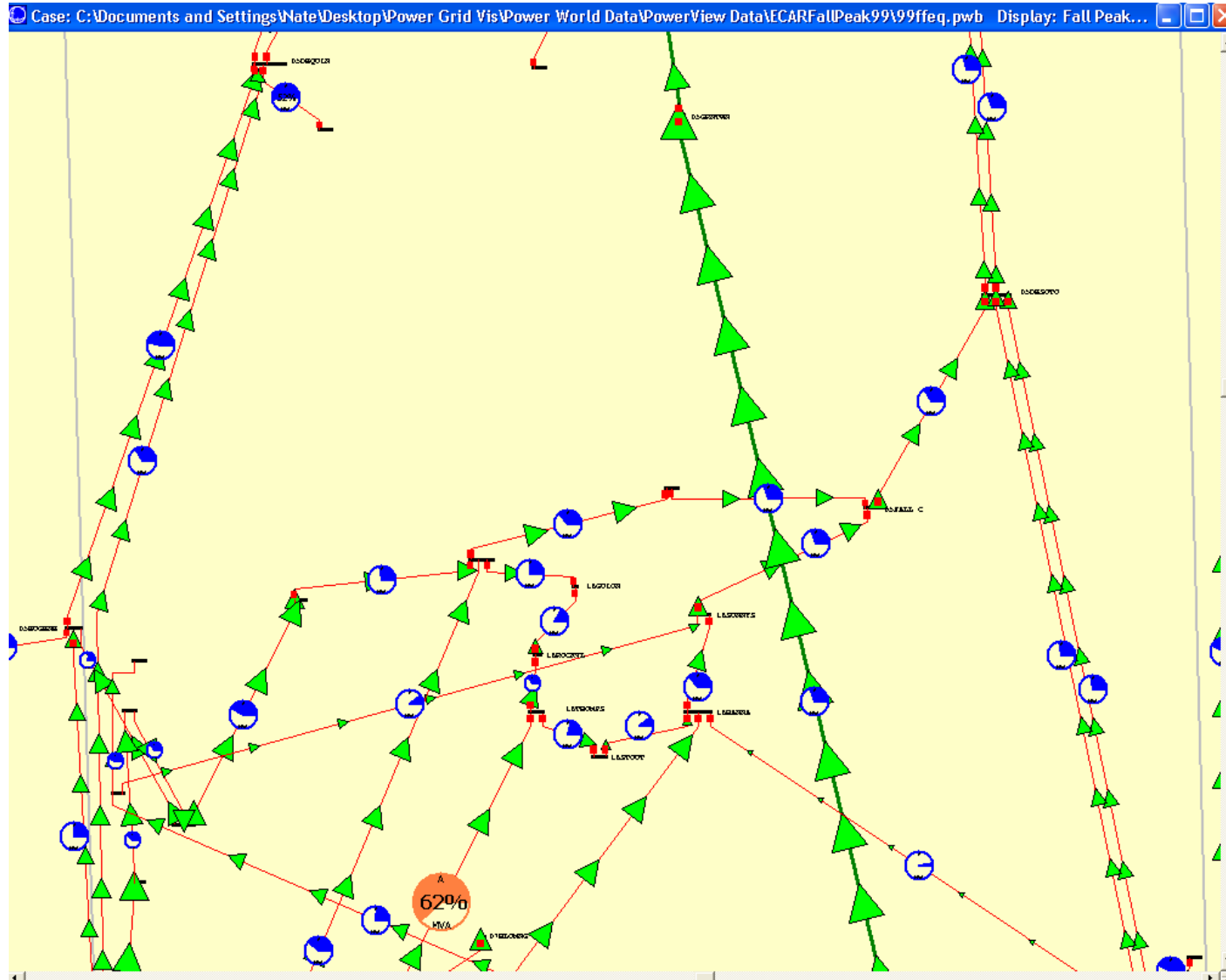


Power World - Midwest





Power World - Central Indiana





Power World Critique



- Load information displayed using pie charts and moving arrows.
 - No use of color, speed of arrows, etc.
- Inability to change background color.
- Poor navigation.

- A lot of information is there, just have to right click an object.
- Models more than just transmission lines.

Obtaining Data



- As mentioned, having the data is illegal.
 - Can be used to gain a competitive advantage.
- Provided with large Power World datasets.
 - Power data is separate from graphical data.
 - Power data: Extracted an excel sheet using the Power World program.
 - Graphical data: In binary, had to reverse engineer.
 - This includes the outlines for states and bodies of water.

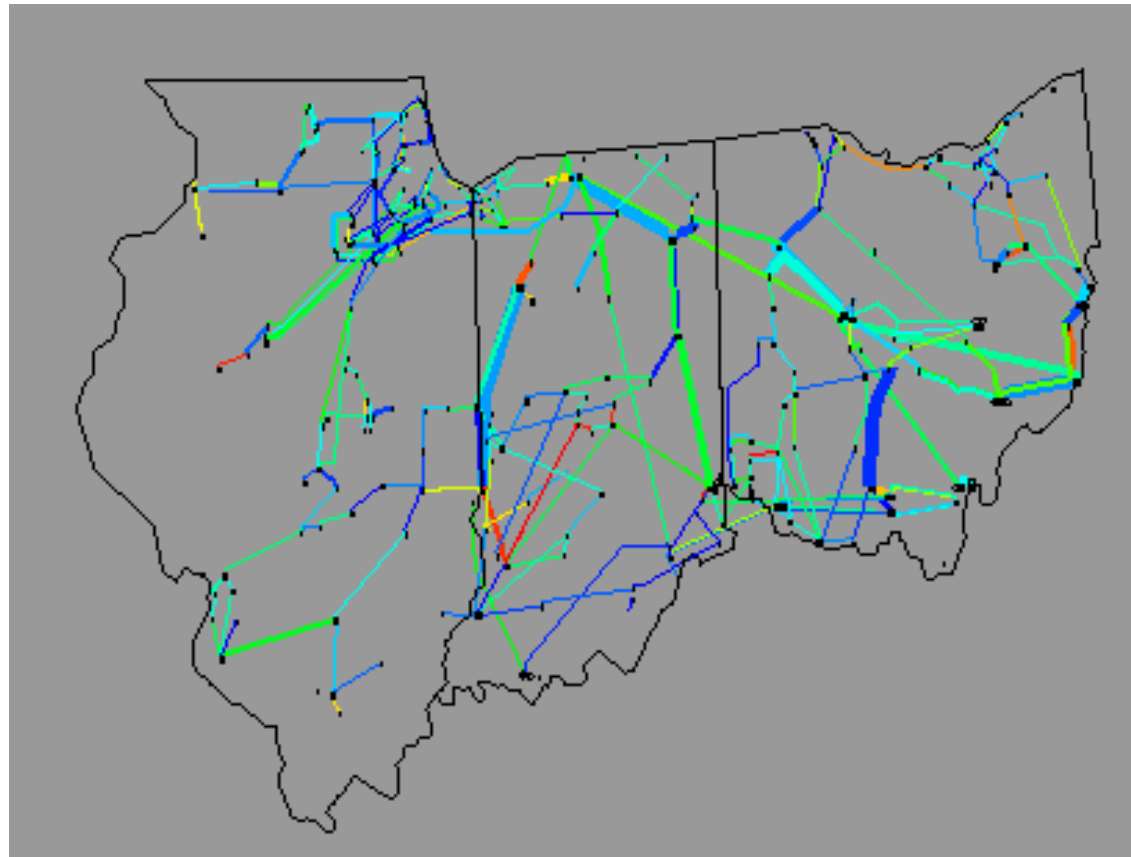
Improvements on Power World



- Better interface for controlling zoom and pan.
- Ability to change background color.
- Transmission line information displayed using:
 - Line Color
 - Line Thickness
 - Animated dashed line
 - A Chart
 - Arrow Size
 - Arrow Color
 - Arrow Speed
 - Arrow Transparency
 - Arrow Density
- All customizable.



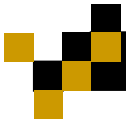
Demo



Ideas for More Improvement



- Need input from a power grid expert.
 - Is visualizing certain variables needed?
 - Can other values be derived from the data we have?
 - At what point should values be capped?
 - Is it important to maintain geographic information?



Ideas for More Improvement



- Textures
- 3D
- Virtual Reality
- Lose the U.S. map →

(courtesy Nick Wildman,
former Purdue undergrad)

- Pop-up alerts.
- Any suggestions?

