

**Question 1. (50 points)** Let  $A$  be an  $n \times n$  matrix with the following property:  $A[i, j] = A[i - 1, j - 1]$  for all  $1 < i \leq n, 1 < j \leq n$ .

- (15 points) Give an  $O(n)$  space representation of  $A$ , and explain how any  $A[i, j]$  value can be obtained from it in constant time.
- (35 points) Recall that the product  $AU$  of an  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  with an  $n$ -vector  $U$  is the  $n$ -vector  $V$  such that

$$V[i] = \sum_{k=1}^n A[i, k] * U[k]$$

Give an algorithm that, given vector  $U$  and the  $O(n)$  space representation of matrix  $A$ , computes the product  $V = AU$  in  $O(n \log n)$  time.

*Hint.* Use convolution.

**Question 2. (50 points)** Let  $T = t_0 \dots t_{2n-1}$  be a text string and  $P = p_0 \dots p_{n-1}$  be a pattern string, where the text and pattern symbols are (possibly large) integers. We define the vector  $C$  of length  $n + 1$  as follows:

$$C[i] = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (t_{i+k} - p_k)^2$$

for  $i = 0, \dots, n$ . Give an  $O(n \log n)$  time algorithm for computing the vector  $C$ .

*Hint.* Use convolution.

**Date due: November 17, 2009**