# Interactive Terrain Modeling using Hydraulic Erosion

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#### Introduction



- The typical ways to model a terrain
- 1) Procedural techniques
  - a) Fractals (low controllability)
  - b) Example-based (not realistic)
  - c) Physics-based (very slow)
- 2) Manual Modeling (tedious)

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# **Key Observations**



- Physics is "right" let's use it
- We do not need a full 3D phenomena (caves, overhangs, etc.)
- Interactivity is the key
- Recently GPGPU techniques for modeling

# **Key Observations**



- Erosion is the most important morphogenetic phenomena
- Water erosion is the most important erosion of all kinds

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#### Contribution



A set of techniques for interactive 3D terrain modeling using various types of erosion

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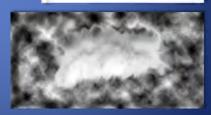
# Scene Description



- Layers loaded as images.
   Easy to
  - define (few parameters)
  - edit
  - manipulate.







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## Water Simulation

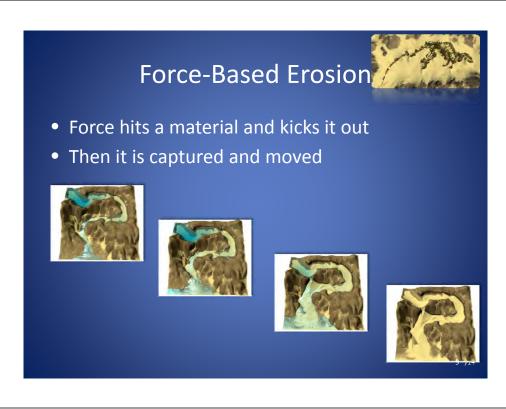


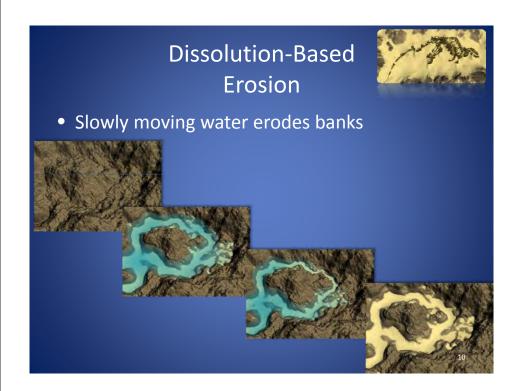
- Using the pipe model
- Simplification of the shallow-water equation
- Commonly used in CG
- Fast and efficient 2.5D solution

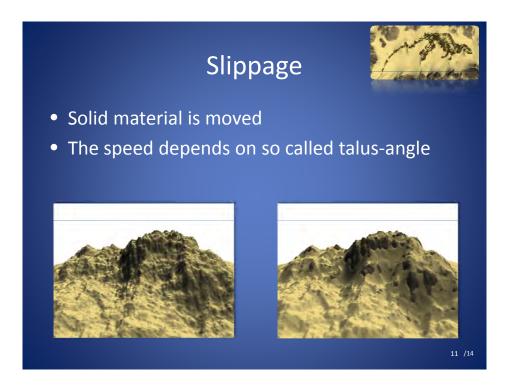
## **Erosion Algorithms**

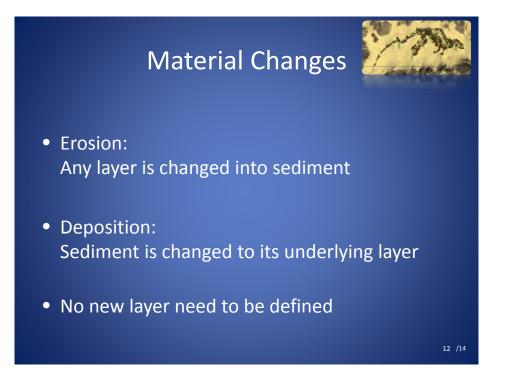


- Three kinds:
  - Force-based hydraulic erosion
     First used by Mei et al in 2007
  - Dissolution-based hydraulic erosion defined here
  - Weathering
     Described by Musgrave in 1998, extensively used









# Implementation and Results



- 100% on the GPU
- Uses CUDA, Cg, OpenGL
- Fully interactive
- 1024x2048@100 fps
- Exports to Mental Ray
- Supports tiling (ready to Multi GPU)
- Intuitive operations rain, dig, add, erode, etc.

**Conclusions** 



- Fully interactive set of operations for terrain modeling
- Allows for features never seen before in CG
- Extremely easy-to-use
- Neatly blends with commercial software

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